Decatur Weekly Republican.

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Weekly Republican.

[illegible] THURSDAY [illegible]

HAMSHER & CALHOUN,

[illegible]

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[illegible] 1 50

NOTICE [illegible] SUBSCRIBERS [illegible] always [illegible]

LOCAL NEWS.

[illegible]

The [illegible] Moultrie county [illegible] ticket [illegible] delegation for H[illegible] Cochran of Sullivan for [illegible]

Bishop Thomas Bowman of St Louis will preside at the next session of the Illinois annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church to convene at Champaign Sept 19 1894

The Democratic [illegible] committee meeting for the 15th district will be held at the St Nicholas hotel Decatur May 9th when the call will be arranged for the [illegible] convention

[illegible] licenses were issued to day to [illegible] of Brooklyn N Y and Miss [illegible] and [illegible] of Long Creek and Miss [illegible] of Oakley

[illegible] pardoned [illegible] out of the penitentiary and [illegible] governor of [illegible] extradition of [illegible] Col [illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible] building at Springfield [illegible] Stoddard will [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr Alexander Salvini [illegible] excellent company will [illegible] the Grand [illegible] The [illegible] will be the closing [illegible] of the season at the Grand [illegible]

[illegible] at Odell last week [illegible] sold mostly at hard times [illegible] the highest price paid was [illegible] matched team [illegible] was $5 The general [illegible] about $60 Forty eight [illegible] shipped to Chicago [illegible] Dwight three to Streator [illegible] and three to Saunemin

The [illegible] election contest [illegible] taken before Justice [illegible] the country Martin Albert and [illegible] Cook have been arrested [illegible] member of the board [illegible] Sam Kitchie and [illegible] for the defense and [illegible] for the prosecution [illegible] to compel his attendance at [illegible] meeting

[illegible] of Sangamon county and Miss [illegible] a girl of 17 [illegible] to have been [illegible] Sunday night at Scrantchfield [illegible] the girl could [illegible] found [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] county court [illegible] Judge [illegible] gave his decision in the [illegible] George Nebinger administrator of the estate of Maude Baxter [illegible] the report of C A Thrift, guardian of Maude Baxter Thrift had been guardian of the girl and when she died Nebinger was appointed administrator of the estate, against which Thrift presented a claim for board for 255 weeks at $1 per week Thrift had to turn over to the estate $151 Judge Nelson allowed him $2 50 per week for 251 weeks, and ordered that he should pay to the ad-

WHO IS CHARLES HAAS?

A Stranger Found Drowned Near Emory on Sunday—The Inquest

Sunday about noon the people returning from church discovered the body of a man in Stevens creek at the point where a bridge on the Illinois Central crosses that stream north of Emery Coroner Bendure was at once notified and the body was brought to Decatur in the afternoon and taken to Bullard's undertaking rooms where it was dressed The man is unknown but is supposed from a time book found on his person to have been a travelling man There was also found in his pocket a mileage book on the Lake Shore and Michigan Central railroad with [illegible] unused and [illegible] Buffalo New York His [illegible] could not be found [illegible] and other [illegible] he fell from a train Saturday [illegible] the [illegible] in the earth on the bank [illegible] the creek shows [illegible]

[illegible] blood [illegible] the wound At that point [illegible] fell from the train [illegible] about fifteen feet [illegible] from the [illegible] and the tracks leading from it that after having lain for some time he recovered sufficiently to rise and was either on account of the darkness or his dazed condition he walked toward the creek and fell over the bank, which at that point is three or four feet high and very muddy and in falling landed head foremost in the creek and in that position drowned, as only his head was submerged the other part of the body being in the mud on the bank

He was about 40 years of age and was an intelligent looking man When found he was fairly well dressed and had on a new pair of shoes He had no beard but a heavy iron grey moustache He is 5 feet 5 inches tall and has a large head and broad shoulders There are no bruises on the body save that his left eye is black Inasmuch as there was no money in the pockets of the deceased, it is suggested that he may have been assaulted and robbed This is only speculation however

THE INQUEST

Coroner Bendure held the inquest on the body [illegible] the Fidelity Sunday afternoon The witnesses were [illegible] Reed and H B Reed who testified to having seen the body in the creek while they were crossing the bridge The verdict was that the deceased supposed to be Charles Haas had come to his death by causes unknown to the jury The jurymen were B F Hocker day John M Foulk August Stein Byron Borton [illegible] Stephens and Craig West

The body will be placed in the Bullard vault at Greenwood and kept there a few days Possibly the identity of the man will be definitely fixed before the interment

Has a Broken Wrist

The body of the traveling man supposed to be Charles Haas found drowned Sunday in Stevens creek was placed in the Bullard vault at Greenwood cemetery today On closer examination of his body it was found that the left arm of the stranger is broken at the wrist No one can explain how the arm became broken

Coming in Force

Today Dr L J Brown assistant secretary received a copy of the official programme for the annual state meeting of the Illinois Medical Society to be held at the Grand Opera house May 15th 16th and 17th It is planned that the Decatur physicians and the Decatur club will give the visitors a reception on the night of the 16th The officers of the society are President O B Will, Peoria vice presidents D R Brower of Chicago and A T Rooney Quincy permanent secretary J B Hamilton Chicago, assistant L J Brown Decatur treasurer G N Kreider Springfield, judicial council C C Hunt Dixon R Dewey Kankakee E N Danforth Chicago J P Mathews Carlinville L P Hulley Vandalia E P Cook Mendota E Ingals Chicago E B Johnson Champaign W J Chenoweth Decatur The prayer at the opening of the meeting will be delivered by Dr W H Penhallegon and the character of arrangements made will be presented by Dr Chenoweth and Dr Kendall will deliver introductory remarks Many men holding men of state and national reputation will be [illegible]

Born

To Mr and Mrs George W P[illegible] on [illegible] street May 3 a daughter

To Mr and Mrs G L Boyd of 260 [illegible] street on Saturday, May 5 a daughter

To Mr and Mrs M A Osborne, of 1052 West Macon street on Sunday May 6 a daughter

Born to Mr and Mrs Charles B [illegible] North street on Saturday, May 5 a daughter

To Mr and Mrs Robert McGarahan, of East St Louis on Monday May 7,— a son The mother was formerly Miss Laura Moore, of Decatur, and the father was at one time an engineer on the Wabash out of Decatur

To Mr and Mrs Thad Nicholson, of 1001 West Decatur street, on Monday, May 7, a daughter

MARRIED

By Justice Provost at his office, May 7, Charles Sauna and Miss Barbara Wittig, both of Decatur

At his office, May 7, by Judge Nelson, Richard Hanson, of Shelby county, and Miss [illegible]

IN THE STAKE RACES

Entries on the Books of Secretary Keller—Trots and Paces

Secretary Keller's books show that the following entries have been made for the stake races of the Decatur Trotting Association The meeting will be held August 21 to 24

[illegible] STAKE $400

Robert Clark Mattoon Ill
[illegible] & Ashley Dixon Ill
Fitchen Wilkes Farm Jerseyville Ill
Thomas Cunningham Monroe Wis
[illegible] Champaign Ill
[illegible] Brooklyn Wis
[illegible] Morganfield Ky
J O Balcour Augusta Ill
Onsted & Morehouse Onsted Mich
D W Brinneman & Bro Decatur Ill
W T Downing Decatur Ill
J Wilson Springfield Ill

[illegible]—STAKE $1000

W D Lake Dixon Ill
W A Williams Lexington Ky
[illegible] Tallmore Ill
Thomas W Kenyon Lincoln Ill
George Henry Paris Ill
W T Green Kane Ill
Fitchen Wilkes Farm Jerseyville Ill
A J [illegible] Ill
Frank S Rale Chicago Ill
J W [illegible] Tallmore Ill
Simmons & Hillebrand Cropsville Ill
Arch Means [illegible] Ill
[illegible] Wis
O D [illegible]
A and W M Waller Morganfield Ky
Onsted & Morehouse Onsted Mich
[illegible]
D W Brinneman & Bro Decatur Ill
[illegible] Indianapolis Ind
H S Johnson Bloomington Ill

[illegible] STAKE $1000

[illegible]
[illegible] Hillsboro Ky
[illegible]
[illegible] & Sutter Dixon Ill
[illegible]
[illegible] Wellsville Ill
[illegible] Richland Ill
[illegible]
[illegible] Tallmore Ill
[illegible]
D Mills Evansville Wis
A J Fuley Kirkwill Mo
[illegible] Washington Ind
[illegible]
[illegible] Christian [illegible] Ky
[illegible] Stevenson [illegible]
A and W M Waller Morganfield Ky
Chris Vaughn Alton Ill
D W Brinneman & Bro Decatur
W A Brown St Louis Mo
M R [illegible] Ky

THE COUNTY ENDEAVOR.

Meeting Sunday at the Grace M E Church

There was a well attended meeting of the County Christian Endeavor at Grace M E church yesterday afternoon beginning at 3 30 o'clock The county organization was recently effected and this was the first meeting Miss Ada Clark the county president, presided There was a good attendance Hugh Bone, of Decatur gave an interesting talk on the pledge Elmer E Fowle spoke of the Lookout committee work His talk was to the point and all were pleased with his presentation of the subject Dudley D Watson, of Clinton president of the DeWitt county society spoke for forty five minutes After Mr Watson concluded Rev W H Penhallegon delivered an address on the general subject of the Christian Endeavor

After the general meeting there was a short business meeting at which it was decided to hold an all day rally in Decatur Thursday June 21

State Convention Call

The Republican voters of the state are requested to meet in county conventions and elect delegates to a Republican state convention to be held in Springfield, Wednesday July 25 1894 at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates to be voted for at the November election 1894, to fill the following offices to wit

State Treasurer

State Superintendent of Public Instruction

Three Trustees of the University of Illinois

The basis of representation for the several counties will be one delegate for every 400 votes cast for the Republican presidential electors in 1892, and one for each fraction thereof of not less than 150 votes The delegates from Cook county shall be selected by Wards and Commissioners Districts in county convention and shall be so called in convention The call gives 15 delegates to Macon county an increase of one, Logan [illegible] Sangamon 20 Menard, 4 Christian, 10 Moultrie [illegible] McLean, 25 DeWitt, 7, Piatt 7 The call is signed by Chairman Clark Secretary Jameson and all other members of the state central committee The Macon county convention will be held on Thursday May 24th

List of Patents

Granted to Illinois inventors this week reported by C A Snow & Co, solicitors of American and Foreign patents, opposite U S Patent Office Washington, D C

J P [illegible] Litchfield sewing machine fan W I Castleman Allens Springs portable furnace T D Gordon, Monmouth bridle bit [illegible] Winnetka elevator controlling device J A King Galesburg buckle, W M Little Vandalia [illegible] machine J E Porter Ottawa [illegible] elevator and carrier W Rundquist Elgin feeder for jewel setting machine C M Tinquist Sparland feeder for threshing machines

Morrison Will Soon Arrive.

VANDALIA Ill, May 8 One hundred and seventy men comprising the Morrison industrial army, arrived here tonight on foot over the Vandalia road Last night the army tried to capture the [illegible] as it was pulling out of [illegible] but the train was rushed through the town Little sympathy was expressed for the visitors here They had to buy provisions and were provided with a police escort and guard for the night to see that no one escapes

Death of Mrs Hawkins.

From Wednesday's Daily

Mrs A Hawkins died yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, of hemorrhage at her home on South Webster street The deceased was aged 42 years, and leaves two daughters and one son to mourn her loss The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the residence, [illegible]

TAKEN OFF IN THE NIGHT

Death of W L. Patterson, of St Louis, At the Hotel Brunswick

From Wednesday's Daily

W L Patterson, a well dressed man, 51 years of age, was found dead in room 22 at the Hotel Brunswick at 8 o'clock this morning, by the chambermaid Miss Volla Froelke, who found the door ajar and at a glance observed that the stranger was dead upon the bed Volla called Mrs Gross, wife of the landlord who was on the second floor at the time and then Landlord Gross was summoned He called in Coroner Bendure and the body was removed from the hotel, pending the holding of the inquest

Mr Patterson who was a native of Dumfries, Scotland, where his aged father is still living, registered at the Brunswick on April 11 and since that time has been an occupant of room 22, paying his bills promptly and conducting himself like a cultured gentleman He represented the book publishing house of J Lethem, 150 Dearborn street Chicago and 201 Olive street, St Louis which firm is engaged in the compilation of matter for an illustrated book entitled Illinois, Her Industries and People It was the business of Mr Patterson to visit leading firms in Decatur to secure write ups for insertion in the book It is known that he had succeeded quite well in Decatur and that every day and evening he was in his room writing On his desk was found a big bundle of articles he had written to be sent away In his manner he was quiet and unobtrusive and always industrious

Monday was his birthday He was then 51 years of age, and he celebrated the anniversary by drinking a little more than was good for him He continued drinking on Tuesday and just as dinner was announced he was found lying at the foot of the stairway leading to the water closet in the basement He could not get up although he was apparently unhurt With assistance he managed to get into the hotel office where he remained for a short time, going thence alone to his room from which he did not emerge again He took off his coat and hat and placed them on a chair at the foot of the bed and then laid down on the bed with his pants vest and shoes on He was seen during the afternoon and again after supper He was breathing rather heavily, and those who visited him though he was tired out and in a deep sleep No other thought was entertained and it was believed that after the rest he would be all right again and ready for business If he had taken anything like morphine there is no evidence of the fact obtainable The true cause of his death may never be known

During his stay in Decatur Mr Patterson became acquainted with his fellow countrymen, L McKenzie and John R Dougherty They were together Monday and Tuesday forenoon In the course of his conversations with Mr McKenzie it was stated by Mr Patterson that he had been professor of mathematics in Edinburgh University for ten years and that he had held other positions of responsibility Two years ago he visited his old home at Dumfries Recently he was at Denver, Colo, for nearly a year and came to Decatur direct from St Louis He was a single man and had no relatives in America except a nephew Jim by name, who is a blacksmith and is supposed to be at Omaha Neb A letter found shows that Patterson had lately sent $10 to Jim All of the personal effects of the deceased will probably be kept by the coroner to be turned over to the nephew

THE INQUEST

The inquest was held this afternoon at the Bullard undertaking rooms, with E S Baker A F Guist L McKenzie W W Connard Z W Sanders and E W Anderson as jurymen The particulars of the finding of the body as already related were told by the hotel people and a verdict of death from apoplexy was returned

It is learned that Patterson was prominent in Masonry A telegram came this afternoon to the coroner from J Lethem St Louis to hold the body until he could arrive

Politics

At Taylorville the Republican central committee of Christian county elected James P Smith chairman and Fred A Wagoner of Morrisonville secretary A call was issued for a county mass convention to be held at the court house on Tuesday May 29 to nominate a county ticket The township conventions to select delegates to the county convention will be held on Saturday, May 26

At Sullivan the Moultrie county Republicans nominated for County Judge, Isaac Hudson County Clerk O E Gibson County Treasurer, R P McPheeters Sheriff Thomas A Lansden, Superintendent of Schools Miss D Armentrout Hon W G Cochran was indorsed for the legislature

Whitmore Primary.

The Republicans of Whitmore township will hold their primary election, Friday, May 11, at 3 o'clock p m, at the town hall in Oreana, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the county convention and a chairman for the township

JAMES LICHTENBERGER, Chairman

A HOARY head is a crown of glory, but a deadhead is a holy terror to the railroad superintendent.

LOOK thou not upon the poker chip when it is red, lest thine adversary have [illegible]

A GREAT CONFERENCE

The Date for Its Meeting in Champaign is Fixed for September 19 Next

The time for the next Methodist conference which is to be held in Champaign has been set for the week beginning Sept 19 The conference will be held in the First Methodist church of that city There are something over 300 Methodist ministers in this conference and in addition to these there will be a great many interested persons in attendance from different parts of the conference, so that it is thought that there will be fully 1 200 persons there during the week on account of the conference

The conference will be presided over by Bishop Bowman of St Louis who is the senior bishop in the Methodist church Among the prominent men in Methodism who will be in attendance during the week will be Chaplain McCabe of Chicago Dr [illegible] of Cincinnati Dr Hamilton, of Boston and Dr Payne of New York City It has been twenty eight years since a conference was held in Champaign Already Rev B G Hobbs pastor of the First Methodist church is beginning preparations for the occasion and as the time draws nearer the necessary steps will be taken toward the appointment of committees to look after and provide entertainment for the visitors

LOOKS LIKE TROUBLE

State Guards Ordered to be Ready to Start

From Wednesday's Daily

Lieut Col P P Wells received a telegram today stating that seven companies of the Fifth Regiment state militia had been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to leave for the front on short notice The list includes the Decatur Guards, and they will assemble at the armory at once, prepared to leave on a special train The objective point is not definitely known but it is supposed to be Staunton, on the St Louis branch of the Wabash road between Litchfield and Edwardsville There has been serious trouble at shafts 6 and 7 belonging to the Consolidated Coal company It is stated that a lot of men want to work and that they are encouraged to do so by citizens The latest information is that 1 200 strikers, miners have marched on the shafts to force the men to quit work

The coal company and the sheriff have made strong appeal to Gov Altgeld to call out the militia

Commencement at Cerro Gordo

Monday night at Evans hall in Cerro Gordo occurred the ninth annual commencement of the High School The following programme was pleasingly rendered and very much appreciated

Trio Solo [illegible] Birds
Polly Gastman
Piano Duet [illegible]
Miss Whitmer and Miss Estelle Crane
Class Drill [illegible]
Grand March [illegible]
Miss Hattie Drum
Inv[illegible] [illegible]
Quartet Wonderful City of Zion
Misses [illegible] and Estelle [illegible] Messrs [illegible] and Drum
Oration [illegible] Influences
Harry Cap
Oration— Mistress of the Situation [illegible]
Vocal Duet— Tender Blossom
Mrs Wood and Mrs Sharp
Oration— Mother [illegible]
Oration [illegible] School
Stella Crossley
Trio— In Old Madrid
Mr Zinn Mrs Wood and Mrs Evans
Awarding of Diplomas
By President of School Board
Quartet— Meet Me When the Moonlight
Mesdames Welty and Dunn Messrs [illegible] and Drum
Benediction Elder C W Cripe

The hall was beautifully decorated with potted plants and crab apple blossoms

The class motto was Without Labor No Reward

The graduates received a large number of lovely flowers and gifts

MAY 18

Sunday School Convention

Following is the program of the Blue Mound township Sunday school convention to be held in Blue Mound chapel May 13 1894 exercises to given at 2 30 p m night session at 8 p m

Song
Reading Scripture and Prayer
Song
Secrets of S[illegible] Work [illegible]
Song
Our Duty as Teachers Prof [illegible]
The Bible [illegible] J T Weeks
Song— Precious Name [illegible]
Helps and Hindrances in S S Work [illegible]
Reports of Schools Assistant Superintendent
Song
Collection and Election of officers
Closing Song
EVENING SESSION
Song and Prayer
The Elements of Love in S S Work
Rev [illegible]
Song— The World the Flesh and the Evil One Male Quartet
Living up to Our Highest Ideals Prof Gastman
Song
Question Opportunity

A cordial invitation is extended to all persons receiving knowledge of the occurrence of this convention All topics open for further discussion Questions should be prepared in writing

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By

KING & HUBBARD.

HALL CAIN, the English novelist, has just returned to London after an absence [illegible] in the Isle of Man

DEATH OF JAMES Y TAYLOR

A Venerable Citizen Called Away The Funeral

James Y Taylor brother of the late John G Taylor and Ben Taylor passed away in death at his home in Blue Mound township Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock (May 5th) aged 75 years

The deceased was born at Golconda Ill Sept 9 1819 and moved to Springfield early in life A few years later he moved to Rushville where he resided until 1836 when he came to Macon county He married Elizabeth A Moffett March 19 1846 sister of Supervisor W F Moffett There were seven children born to the couple four of whom are living They are Mrs John A Burns and C M Taylor of Blue Mound township Frank L Taylor of Decatur and Mrs J M Crawford of Pleasant View township Mrs Taylor died Oct [illegible] 1887 There are two surviving sisters of the deceased Mrs M L Devon of Des Moines Iowa and Mrs A C Stevens of Decatur Mr Taylor had [illegible] life He was a [illegible] held in the highest esteem by his neighbors and friends and was well known in the county He was a consistent member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church since his youth and was for many years a leader in the organization He was a Mason and in politics he was first a Whig and since the party was formed he has been a strong Republican

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon May 6 from the Madison C P church conducted by Rev W L Bankson It was very largely attended The pall bearers were nephews of the deceased B Z Taylor F M Taylor Thomas Pope James Pope George Devon and Homer Moffett

THE COUNTY BOARD

Standing Committees for the Year Named By Chairman May

Supervisor May chairman of the board of supervisors has appointed the following standing committees for the ensuing year

Fall [illegible]—Walter Moffett Hinsey Hocker [illegible]

[illegible] Ammann [illegible]

[illegible] Johnson [illegible] Nicholson

Miscellaneous [illegible] Nowlin Ammann Moffett

[illegible] Davis [illegible]

[illegible] Buildings Johnson Thrift Connelly [illegible] Ammann

[illegible] David [illegible] Hollinger

[illegible] Davis [illegible]

[illegible] David [illegible]

[illegible]

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr and Mrs W J Huff left today for Lincoln Neb on a ten days visit

To Mr and Mrs Thomas Hoover on North Clinton street, May 3 a daughter

Mrs Mary J Brown with three of her friends from Warrensburg were in the city today

County Clerk George P Hardy this morning received a telegram from Lexington McLean county which announced that his brother in law Charles C Surdan was dying Mr Hardy will leave tonight for Lexington

Dr J M Blythe will leave tomorrow for Evansville Ind to take part in a reunion of the members of his old regiment who live in Vanderburg and Gibson counties The members of this regiment the Old Indiana who live in these counties hold semi annual reunions Each one gives a reunion at his home The reunion this year is to celebrate the battles of Resaca Ga and Franklin Tenn, in which they took part

A Cow Case of Interest

Owners of stock and farmers generally will be interested in the result of the trial of a stock case which was before Squire Daggett at Macon on Monday It was the case of The People vs Parker Wilson and the complainant was William Reilly a neighboring farmer It developed that Wilson had had two cows grazing in the public road which runs past the Reilly farm The complaint was that under the state law no person had a right to let stock run at large or herd it on the public highway, without the consent of the owners of abutting land This consent was not given and the jury returned a verdict finding Wilson guilty as charged in the warrant The fine was $3 and costs A H Mills assistant state's attorney represented the People and Attorney Drew the defendant

Building and Loan Associations

Regarding the matter of insurance the Interstate Building and Loan association of Bloomington publishes the following lines, which answer themselves In consequence of the many failures and reinsurance of the fire insurance companies at this time this association will not accept policies issued by mutual companies, nor by any stock company whose rating is not beyond question and the premium paid in cash You can insure in the best companies as cheaply as in the weak ones Insist upon the best old line companies" The Interstate is right in this matter The great proportion of security to a Building and Loan association is the buildings, and, to be well protected, the association must have good insurance

VICOUNTESS AOKI, the wife of the newly-appointed Japanese minister to England, is a German woman of noble birth

A GOOD MAN GONE

Sudden Death of Dr Alexander Pollock, Saturday

In Saturday's issue [illegible] was recorded the death at Danville of Dr Pollock father of C A P[illegible] of this city Wabash ticket agent The funeral was held at Danville Sunday afternoon The News of that city printed the following

Although it was pretty generally known that Dr Alexander Pollock had been confined to his home on West Seminary street for several days by rheumatism the news of his death Saturday morning [illegible] was a shock to the whole community The [illegible] of his [illegible] serious and [illegible] had the [illegible] his [illegible] at any time since his illness [illegible] heart [illegible] and [illegible] present [illegible] minutes [illegible] seized with [illegible] He was [illegible] Than he was not [illegible] away [illegible] her

During [illegible] residence [illegible] years in Danville Dr [illegible] the [illegible] happy as when [illegible] If any man in Danville [illegible] universally liked by the people that man was Dr Pollock [illegible] Saturday All [illegible] all well [illegible] him

Dr Pollock was born at Philadelphia, May 27 1821 and is of Scotch Irish lineage and [illegible] the fall of 1860 His youth was spent in his birth place which he left for the west in 1852, locating at Springfield Ill where he taught school for a short time He studied medicine under Dr Rice Adams, and in the year 1860 was graduated in St Louis from the Homeopathic Medical college of Missouri He shortly afterward located in Danville In 1862 he enlisted in company C 125th Illinois infantry as first lieutenant and served until 1864 when he resigned his commission and returned to this state to practice medicine He practiced at Decatur for about nine months and then removed to Danville where he had since made his home In Decatur he married Miss Sarah Wood who bore him two children Charles who now resides in Decatur and Mrs W H Purcell of Urbana He afterward married Mrs John Culbertson nee Miss Davis a sister of the late Judge O L Davis who survives him By this union there were three children Oliver D Miss Lucy and Scott, Mrs P W Gall this a stepdaughter of the deceased

Dr Pollock was a member of the Wabash Valley Homeopathic Medical College society and a member of the First Presbyterian church

REFUSE TO STAY OUT

Miners at Stanton and Pana Want to Work

PANA Ill May 8 Contrary to the expectations of the authorities last night the mining situation took a turn today and instead of there being only 1[illegible] miners at work as was reported last night, about 200 went down in the different mines today The fears of outside interference have practically subsided

STAUNTON Ill May 8 The striking miners are gradually gathering at this place until it is estimated that 600 are now here J A Crawford and Mr Howells the agitators are both here The expected trouble has been postponed another day but the strikers say mines Nos 6 and 7 shall not work tomorrow The citizens are just as sure that they will and are using every precaution to avert trouble Mayor Godfrey has closed the saloons and a strict watch is kept to see that no liquor is shipped in Every able bodied citizen of Staunton is deputized as sheriff Barbed wire fences have been built around the mines to mark the trespass line The citizens escorted the miners to their work again this morning and will continue to do so until the trouble is over The miners at Girard boarded the Jacksonville Southeastern local today at noon to come here but the train crew sidetracked the train and notified the United States marshal at Springfield of their [illegible] The authorities at Springfield have been notified of the situation here and it is hoped the militia will be sent here to aid in keeping the peace

In Decatur [illegible] of the men are at work All is quiet at the two shafts

WILLIAM NEWBY the man who was adjudged to be Dan Benton in the United States circuit court last fall, was remembered by his friends in Fairfield on the occasion of his 68th birthday About 200 neighbors gathered to celebrate the anniversary of this event with him They do not believe him to be Dan Benton but William Newby who was thought to have been killed at the battle of Shiloh

DR EMILY A BLACE declares that more women in England die because of faulty dress than from all contagious diseases combined

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

Weekly Republican.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1894

Nobody disputes the fact that there has been a change

THE New York *Sun* (Dem) says that the real obstructionists in the senate are those Democrats who insist that the income tax measure shall be part of the tariff bill

WILLIAM PENN NIXON, managing editor of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, yesterday purchased for $400,000 H H Kohlsaat's interest in that paper This gives Mr. Nixon a controlling interest in the company.

ONE drink too many which was followed by one speech too many, has lost Senator Turpie, of Indiana, the respect of his colleagues in the senate, which up to the time of his indiscretion, he had fully

JUDGING from the tone of the Democratic press, that party would not be satisfied unless the suit to knock out the Democratic gerrymander was submitted to the Democratic state central committee the people who hatched up the infamy

ONE of the factions in the Democratic party in this state is making serious objection to allowing Gen John C Black to have undisputed possession of the senatorial field It is pretty tough when politicians refuse to allow a man to enjoy an empty honor

GRAND MASTER WORKMAN SOVEREIGN proposes to tie up all the railroads in the northwest if transportation is refused to Kelly's commonweal army This is another evidence that labor has not yet rid itself of its dangerous leaders, who, more than anyone else, are responsible for the present deplorable condition of labor.

THE Democratic convention in Vermilion county split, and the Democratic convention in Crawford county split, and the Democratic convention in Richland county split Those are ominous signs and inclines one to fear that the great principles of the Democratic party are not strong enough to hold the faithful together

SENATOR CULLOM, on his return from the Senator Stockbridge funeral, stopped over for a few hours in Chicago, and while there of course was called upon by many of his friends The senator is a candidate to succeed himself in the senate and at the present time it looks as if he would be successful. He has done well as a senator and has kept up the reputation of the state, and unless there are better reasons than have yet been presented for a change, he will and ought to be returned.

THERE is only one class of people who exhibit less sense than the Coxeyites They are those Democratic campaigners like the Illinois Democratic state central committee, who insist upon having all the Republicans in office turned out by Cleveland and Democrats put in Why, if all this were done and there were no more offices in sight, Grover Cleveland could not control the party 25 minutes The chances are he would be impeached within a year There are some things Grover Cleveland knows by instinct

EX PRESIDENT HARRISON always says something worthy the consideration of every American patriot when he makes a speech Yesterday in an address to the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce he said

I believe the wealth, the energy, the enterprise and the wisdom of the American people will bring relief to the present depression So far as relief can be secured, outside of personal and individual administration of business, the only pathway of help is that which leads to the ballot box There may be sharp differences in party views, and there may be some intemperance of speech in presenting party views, but the great body of stalwart, honest American citizens will insist that reforms must come under the forms of law

No man, and no association of men counseling the redress of wrongs by lawlessness, will be tolerated by the people, as the right thinking, patriotic people of all parties will unite to sustain the administration from constable to President in the suppression of lawlessness and in support of law

Don't Monkey With Uncle Sam.

"Don't monkey with Uncle Sam" is a bit of advice that a great many people ought to paste in their hats The real Uncle Sam is the embodiment of pure American patriotism, which rises above all parties He never wants an office and is under obligation to no single individual, be he high or low He only deals with the rights of all the people and no faction of men, no matter how righteous they may have made themselves believe their cause to be, can safely monkey with Uncle Sam The supreme effort to interfere with this individual was made by the South, well organized and compact, and yet Uncle Sam was too much for the conspiracy as he will always be with every other conspiracy in his domain When all of us are gone, Uncle Sam will be here doing business at the old stand, where he will accept no remedy for real or imaginary ill that does not have patriotism "blown in the bottle" He cannot afford to let this or any other generation interfere with his business, and we repeat, it would be well for everybody who is in the business of regulating the people's business to let their minds often recur to the fact that it is not healthy to monkey with Uncle Sam

"EDISON," says the Boston *Globe*, "will be the first candidate for the American academy of forty immortals by unanimous consent. Mr Howells may be the second Dr Holmes will come somewhere in the list Who will be the other thirty seven"

LILLI LEHMANN sang at the Bulow memorial concert given by the Philharmonic Society in Berlin At the close she received a check for $250, which she handed over to the pension fund of the

Too Late To Think.

In his interview with Speaker Crisp, Mr. Coxey stated he did not know, but he believed it was the duty of the government to appropriate money for the employment of the unemployed He said they could not wait for the opportunity to elect men to congress representing the people and that they would have to have relief, even if it were secured through revolution

Coxey and his followers knew in 1890 and in 1892 just how long it was between elections, and when the country was prosperous, as it was in those years, and every man who wanted employment at good wages could get it, they should not have allowed themselves to become the victims of mountebanks and vote for a change They have the change, and there is no way to correct the mistake they made at the polls, save at the polls It is useless to talk of revolution Such revolutions cannot succeed, and if they could they would bring no relief It is useless to ask the government to employ idle men on public works The government is running in debt every day, because the power of the working men to consume has been crippled, and the revenues have fallen off both in the internal revenue and custom house departments of the government It is useless to ask the government to make more money, because it would not help the man who could not sell his labor to get it, nor the man with produce to sell unless he could find a market There is plenty of money to pay every man who can find a buyer for his labor and to pay for every bit of produce that can find a market There are millions of money now lying idle waiting for safe investment where it will employ labor, but it will not be invested so long as hair brained theorists insist it shall not be employed at a profit, and addle headed socialists continue to threaten it as soon as it begins to employ labor

These are cold facts that everybody must accept as true Then what is to be the result under present conditions? Only one thing can be done Labor must find employment at any price it can get, and produce must find a market at some price This is the logic of the situation, and the quicker it is accepted the better it will be for all concerned

The Coxey army craze and the striking of employed men are the crowning follies of the times The laws of nature cannot be changed The man who is endowed by nature with ability to employ capital where it will buy labor at a profit, and employs it in that way, is a benefactor of the man who sells his labor, and the man who has nothing but his labor to sell and who makes war upon the capital that offers him the only market for that which he has to sell, only piles up wrath against the day of wrath, which must surely come to him if he succeeds in closing against himself the only market open to him

The American system of protection, in the last 30 years, has opened up thousands of industries where labor has been employed This has been done by creating conditions which invited capital into the business of manufacturing, but thousands of men who have labor to sell voted to change that condition, and the result of their votes caused the withdrawal of capital from activity along these lines and labor became idle Such men realize the mistake they made; but there is no way to correct that mistake save in the same tribunal in which it was made. There will be one opportunity this fall, and in two years more there will be another opportunity It remains to be seen whether the opportunities will be embraced or whether the same men will listen to the vagaries of demagogues and follow still further the trail of blind theories

The Indiana Election

The election in Indiana, Tuesday, tells the same story, that was begun in 1893, of dissatisfaction with the Democratic administration, of dissatisfaction with all that has been involved in the change made at the election in 1892 The municipal elections in that state show a crushing knockout of the Democratic party all along the line, even the home of Senator Voorhees gave nearly 2,000 Republican majority, and when the result became public the people marched the streets shouting "carry the news to Voorhees" There are those who assay to believe that these reverses are common to the party in power, at the first succeeding election, but invariably later on disappear In a limited degree this has been true, but in every case it can be traced to the disappointments attending the distribution of public patronage There may in a measure be some of the elements of this in the recent reverses of the Democratic party, but not enough to account for one tenth the volume of the wave which is engulfing the Democratic party The party has not kept a single pledge it has made It has proven itself unable to conduct the affairs of government, and has demoralized business and labor until in every part of the land there is positive want The country has found the party in power cannot be trusted and that if the country is to be restored to prosperity, Democracy with its barren theories must be swept from power, and they have gone at it with a spirit that will not tire until that is accomplished

History Feebly Repeating Itself

Boston Globe The "Coxey idea," is, in fact, an incoherent and rather absurd imitation of the great chartist scheme to surround the houses of parliament with 150,000 men, and in their presence present a petition to parliament which was to weigh five tons and contain 5,000,000 names The date appointed upon which to besiege parliament was April 10, 1848 But while the right of petition and assembly had long before been guaranteed in England, the government took substantially the same view that is embodied in the proclamation of the commissioners of the District of Columbia, and no less a personage than the great Duke of Wellington was given charge of the defense of London,

The Infamy of Infamies

Oh, well, says the thick skinned partisan, "the present apportionment act is no more unfair than that of the Republicans" There never has been a greater partisan outrage attempted outside of the south and New York city, than the present apportionment act in Illinois, concocted by the Democratic state central committee and passed by a Democratic legislature and signed by Altgeld There has never been a more barefaced attempt to disfranchise the citizens as the object of the gerrymander involves

Take the manner of numbering the districts alone as an example, and upon its face there is the evidence of the scoundrelly scheme of its authors Cook county has under this apportionment 15 senatorial districts, and, including Lake county, has seven congressional districts The congressional districts are numbered consecutively from 1 to 7 inclusive, and the districts outside of Cook county are numbered consecutively from No 7 in Cook county, across the state, and down to Cairo But this is not true of the senatorial districts Of the 15 in Cook county, all save three are odd numbers, as follows 1, 2, 3 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 21 and 23 The schemers made the Lake county district the 8th, the Rockford district the 10th, the Galena district the 12th, the Aurora district the 14th, the Kankakee district the 16th, and then they came away down to the Danville district and made it the 18th, and went across to the Woodford district and made it the 20th, and then went to McLean county and made that the 22d district These districts were made to secure the odd numbered ones in Cook county, which at the time was solidly Democratic

But passing from these we find the schemers continued the same infamy in the remainder of the state Peoria was made the 24th district and then they skipped four other districts to make Will the 25th They went from Will to Fulton and made it the 26th district, and then they crossed three districts to make LaSalle the 27th The Hancock district, which is five districts away from LaSalle, they numbered the 28th, and then jumped back again, way north of La Salle, and made the DeKalb district the 29th. They then jumped clear down to the Champaign district to make it the 30th, and from thence across four districts to the Bureau district and numbered it the 31st From Bureau they crossed four districts and made the Menard district the 32d, and then back to Rock Island to make it the 33d From thence they come south across four districts and numbered the Pike district the 34th, then to the Knox district, making it the 35th, then back again to the Macoupin district, numbering it the 36th They then went back to Adams, and made it the 37th They then jumped across to the Fayette district making it the 38th, and then to Sangamon, making it the 39th They then crossed the Macon district to make the Shelby district the 40th, and then came back and made the Macon district the 41st, and from thence jumped down to the Washington district to number it the 42d, then across to Edgar for the 43d, and then down to Gallatin for the 44th, then back to Crawford for the 45th, and so on until they place the 51 numbers where they would disfranchise the most people

Such a scheme never before was attempted in Illinois That it was a scheme pregnant with infamy is shown by the fact that they numbered the congressional districts consecutively, because nothing was to be gained, but hopped and skipped about in numbering the senatorial districts because something was to be gained by it The senators elected this fall are elected from the odd numbered districts, and will hold four years, thus giving every senator elected this fall a vote for the successors to both Cullom and Palmer, and the object of the scheme was to mass as many Democratic senators in the legislature as possible this fall and elect successors to both Cullom and Palmer, no matter how great the Republican majority might be in the state in 1894 and 1896

THE present congressional district, which includes Macon county, with the representatives each will have in a Republican convention, are as follows

Christian	10
Logan	9
Menard	4
Macon	15
Sangamon	20
Total	58

In a congressional convention therefore it would require 30 votes to nominate as that number would be a majority of all the votes in the district

THERE is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F J Cheney & Co, Toledo Ohio is the only constitutional cure on the market It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure Send for circulars and testimonials Address,

F J CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c

THE Cramps have invited the British Admiralty to give them a chance to make a couple of the new war ships that that government intends to build The Cramps, however, don't think that the depressed condition of the ship building industry in Great Britain will permit the government to make a foreign award.

SOMETHING wrong when you tire too easily Something wrong when the skin is not clear and smooth Something wrong when the blood is impure Everything right when you take DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. C H. Dawson.

VICOUNTESS AOKI, the wife of the newly appointed Japanese minister to England, is a German woman of noble

FARMING IN FOREIGN LANDS.

FLOODS in North Wales swept away and drowned large numbers of cattle.

A CONSIDERABLE breadth of corn land has been sown with wheat and rye in Russia.

OWING to a scarcity of rain in Argentine, the wool clip will be rather heavy and greasy.

THE New Zealand government has in contemplation the announcement that the colony is free from scab in sheep.

PHYLLOXERA has been spreading in New South Wales, and every precaution is taken to quarantine the affected districts.

THE native press of India has taken an alarmist view of the harvest prospects in Bengal, where much rain was needed.

FOOT and mouth disease has increased considerably in the affected districts of Germany, and has broken out in districts that were previously not affected.

THE Bahama islands are importing fertilizers from the United States, the quantity in 1891 being 2,175 barrels, with probabilities of an increase this year

AUSTRALIAN viticulturists are agitating for a bonus of six cents per gallon on all wine made in the colonies that reaches a certain standard of excellence

REALLY FUNNY.

BOARDER—'Cook what makes you so fleshy?" Cook (ambiguously)—"What I heat sir"—Boston Transcript.

'MUDGE is a great admirer of football, he says 'Indeed he is. Why, he never opens a jack-pot other than with a V"—Indianapolis Journal.

THE PAWNBROKER, OF COURSE—Algernon—'I'll bet you a dollah you cawn't tell the numbaw of me wawtch." 'I'll bet you two dollars I can tell you who can"—Jeweler's Weekly

LITTLE BROTHER—"Do you do your own washing, Mr De Straight?" Mr De S—"No, my boy, why do you ask?" L B—"Because Mr Crafts Sue's other fellow says that you put everything in soak"—Springfield Union

LITTLE KATE—'Are you Mrs Guy?" Caller—"No my name is Smith" Little Katie—'Well, I guess mamma didn't know you, 'cause when you were coming in she said you were the biggest guy she ever saw"—Inter Ocean

"THE great problem that I have to deal with" said the keeper of the imbecile asylum, 'is to find some occupation for the people under my charge" 'Why not set them to inventing college yells?" asked the visitor—Buffalo Express.

KNOWN BY REPUTATION.

OF Mackay, the California millionaire, it has been wittily said 'He is a man you would like to know even if he were not rich'

CHIEF JUSTICE SHEPHERD, of the supreme court of North Carolina began his business life as a telegraph operator in Washington

DR PALMHURST has had three offers from lecture bureaus and two from newspaper managers who believe that they can turn his "slumming' stories into money

EX-PRESIDENT CHAMBERLAIN of the Iowa agricultural college is now farming in Ohio His property has an extent of 115 acres and he is not such a theorist as to be unable to make a practical success of the business

LIEUT PEARY, speaking of his Greenland discoveries says that the people of Whale sound are the most unique of the globe and that in the two greatest problems, food and clothing, they are the most skilled of all the aborigines.

PEOPLE ACROSS THE SEAS.

GAIDAN, chef of the late Emperor William, bears a striking resemblance to Napoleon III.

THE duke of Norfolk amuses himself by collecting paper and pads, which he accumulates with as much care as if he were a philatelist gathering stamps.

CAPT. MONTEIL, the French explorer, is expected at Tripoli shortly, after an eighteen months' trip across the desert of Sahara from Senegal by way of Lake Tchad.

ALEXANDER DUMAS pere used to receive a great many anonymous letters, and it was a playful remark of his that he preferred them to the other kind, because they required no answers

JAMES STEVENS, former head center of the Fenian brotherhood, is now sixty-eight years of age, and resides at a seaside cottage near Dublin, which, with a small income, was presented to him about a year ago by his friends and admirers.

TOUGH ON THE TIPPLER.

JONES—"Did Jaglet have any scruples about the case?" Judson—"I think about three from the way his breath smelled."—Inter Ocean

ROUNDER—"Shay, can you show me w're I live?" Policeman—"But I don't know you" Rounder—"Thash awri'l My wife will introdoosh you."—Puck

STELLA—"Did you know that Mr. Tippler runs a laundry?" Fannie—"How did you find out?" Stella—"I heard Tom say that Mr Tippler had three sheets in the wind last night."—Inter Ocean

"THERE, dear," said Mrs McBride, when the curtain went down, and she handed him a couple of cloves "There, dear, you won't need to go out between the acts to-night. Wasn't I thoughtful?"—N Y Sun

INDUSTRY AND STATISTICS.

THERE are 4,000,000 metal miners.

ONE pound's weight of bees contains 5,232 insects.

CANADA has 1,000,000 miles of unexplored territory

IN 1780, 15,000 pounds of cocoons were grown in south Georgia

THE number of deaths in the entire world in a century is estimated to be 4,500,000,000

IN 1860 we produced 60,000 tons of paper; in 1890 1,200,000 tons, or 150,000 tons more than the total product of European paper mills.

C G HAYMAN, prominent in Chicago prohibition circles, died suddenly Friday morning at his home, No 30 Walnut street Mr Hayman was 71 years old and for over fifty years was a resident of Chicago

RUDY'S PILE SUPPOSITORY is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded 50 cents per box Send stamp for circular and free sample to MARTIN RUDY, Lancaster, Pa. For Sale by W A. Dixon & Co, Druggists, Decatur. Ill.

TRY the Joseph Michl Little Rose and

Labor and the Necessaries of Life

The following is of interest to every body who is interested in his country and its prosperity The estimates are by one who is interested in the subject he has investigated and thoroughly explodes the idea that the best times the laboring people had was when we had cheap money

Three years ago, under the auspices of the senate committee on finance, Col Carroll D Wright, the commissioner of labor, made a thorough investigation for the purpose of ascertaining the condition of wages and the cost of living among the working people of the United States at that period, in comparison with previous years The wages were taken from actual pay rolls and the prices of merchandise from actual sales, covering a period of fifty two years from 1840 to 1891, inclusive, and were intended to show both by general and specific comparison the true course of wages, and the cost of living

The year 1860 was taken as a standard because it represents more nearly than any other normal economic conditions while 1840 and 1891 represent the opposite extreme limit of general conditions In 1840 prices were low, labor was low and immigrants had not begun to enter the country to any extent In 1891 prices were low again, wages were high and immigration was at its highest tide

In making comparisons, prices and wages in 1860 were taken as par What ever they happened to be they were quoted at 100 Starting from this point, it was found that in forty five of the most common industries, by taking the actual wages, the average paid per day in 1840 was 87, as compared with 100 in 1860, that in 1866, the high tide of war prices, they were 152, and in 1891 they were 150, or almost double what was paid for the same labor in 1840 Again, taking the twenty two more important industries, the averages were 82 in 1840, 100 in 1860, 135 in 1866, and 168 in 1891

In estimating the cost of living the actual prices of 223 articles recognized as the necessaries of life were taken and an average reached by the same method, taking the cost in 1860 as the standard of comparison It was found that the average for 1840 was 97, in 1860 it was 100, in 1866 it was 187, and in 1891 it was 94 That is to say, whatever cost $1 in 1860 cost 94 cents in 1891 The conclusion, therefore, was clear and positive that while the cost of living is to day 3 per cent lower than it was in 1840 the average price of labor is 86 per cent higher

For example the journeyman carpenter received $1 50 a day in 1840, in 1860 he received $2 a day, in 1866, $3 50, and in 1891, $3 50 In 1891 he worked eight hours a day, in the previous years he worked ten and twelve hours His earnings these years were $9, $12, $21 and $21 a week At the same time his cost of living was $10 22 per week in 1840, $10 73 in 1860, $21 66 in 1866 and $12 17 in 1891 In 1840, after paying his expenses for the week he would have been in debt $1 22, in 1860 he would have had $1 27 left of his weekly wages, in 1866 he would have been in debt 66 cents, while in 1891, according to Mr Wright's figures, he would have $8 83 to spare In 1840 he paid 12 cents a yard for his calico, in 1866 21 cents and in 1891 6 cents, for the same quality and material

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box For Sale By

KING & HUBBARD.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

The Republicans of the several townships of Macon county are requested to select delegates to attend a county convention to be held at the court house in Decatur, on

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1894,

at 11 o clock a m for the purpose of placing in nomination the following candidates to wit

One candidate for County Judge
One Candidate for County Treasurer
One Candidate for County Clerk
One Candidate for County Sheriff,
One Candidate for County Superintendent of Schools

to be voted for at the election to be held on Tuesday November 6th, 1894 also to select 15 delegates to each of the following conventions to wit To the State Convention to be held at Springfield on the 4th day of July to the Congressional and Senatorial conventions, to be hereafter called and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention

The representation in said convention will be based upon the Republican vote cast for President Harrison in 1892, being one delegate for every fifty or fractional twenty five votes or over Each district or township will be entitled to the following delegates to wit

Decatur—First district		4 delegates
"	Second "	4 "
"	Third "	4 "
"	Fourth "	2 "
"	Fifth "	5 "
"	Sixth "	4 "
"	Seventh "	4 "
"	Eighth "	4 "
"	Ninth "	4 "
"	Tenth "	2 "
"	Eleventh district	2 "
"	Twelfth "	5 "
"	Thirteenth "	8 "
"	Fourteenth "	3 "
Austin		2 "
Blue Mound		3 "
Friends Creek		4 "
Hickory Point		3 "
Harristown		2 "
Illini		3 "
Long Creek		1 "
S. Macon		4 "
Maroa 1st district		2 "
" 2d		2 "
Milam		1 "
Mt Zion		3 "
Mantle		2 "
Oakley		2 "
Pleasant View		3 "
S. Whitehall		2 "
Whitmore		3 "
Total		91 "

The primaries in the districts of Decatur township and Whitmore township will be held on Friday May 18 at such hour as determined by their respective chairmen The primaries in all other townships to be held on Saturday, May 19 as prescribed by their respective chairmen

All Republicans are cordially requested to attend their respective primaries in order that a full expression may be had in the selection of delegates

Each district and township is requested to present the name of a member of the County Central Committee The new committee will meet immediately after the convention for the purpose of reorganizing for the campaign

By order of the County Republican Central Committee

J. P. TAYLOR, Chairman
JAMES M. IRELAND, Secretary

Decatur Tp—1st District—C N Twadell
" 2d " W A Tolman
" 3d " W C Buck
" 4th " Harry Hinsher
" 5th " H K Mudkiff
" 6th " D L Vagus
" 7th " L A Mills
" 8th " J H McCoy
" 9th " I G Allen
" 10th " Frank Robbins
" 11th " James Record
" 12th " Henry Spence
" 13th " John Williams
" 14th " C J Jones
Austin Tp—A B McKee
Blue Mound Tp—J A Barnes
Friends Creek Tp—F M Thomas
Harristown Tp—J B Camp
Hickory Point Tp—J H McKinley
Illini Tp—W W Doyle
Long Creek Tp—R F McDonald
Macon Tp—W H Willoughby
Maroa Tp—1st Dist—F N Leavitt
" 2d " C P Emery
Milam Tp—J V Moody
Mount Zion Tp—O M Fletcher
Mantle Tp—A W Wells
Oakley Tp—G W Dilling
Pleasant View Tp—W H Bean
Whitehall Tp—John Ward
Whitmore Tp—James Lichtenberger

THE fashion of wearing primroses on April 19 in memory of Lord Beacons field was once very popular in the British House of Commons, but it has now fallen into desuetude. This season only

New York Weekly Tribune

—AND—

Decatur Weekly Republican

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Best Steel Pat. Scoops..
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Best Steel Spades.

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161 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

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Underwear
Hosiery and
Corsets.

Ladies' Vests, 5c, 6¼c, 10c, 15c and 25c.

Men's Shirts and Drawers 25 and 50c.

Ladies' Seamless Hose, Black and Brown, Double Heel and Toe, 15c.

Anthony & Webb,

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NEW SUMMER STYLES

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Weaver's Cheap Store,

(THE FAIR)

WALL PAPER

We are showing a large variety of New Patterns and Coloring at Lower Prices than ever

HANDSOME STYLES —from 5c up—

New Styles in Gold Paper at prices that will astonish you

Complete line of Window Shades and Curtain Poles *See us before you buy.*

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ESTABLISHED 1860.

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Bankers,

—AND—

DEALERS in EXCHANGE.

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing to secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, Insurance Policies, etc

aug29-wtf

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Samuel M C Davis Deceased

The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Samuel M C Davis late of the county of Macon and State of Illinois deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1894.

S. C. DAVIS.

Garfield Tea Cures Constipation



HAS HE GONE?

A Coxeyite in Decatur to Organize an Army.

At ten o'clock last night the story was on the streets to the effect that one Colonel O'Mara had arrived in Decatur from Springfield for the purpose of organizing a branch of the Coxey army to march on Washington One story was that the colonel had registered at the Park hotel and that he would open an office in the city to day.

This forenoon a REPUBLICAN reporter called at the Park hotel to interview Col O Mara, but there was no such person stopping at the house and the name did not appear upon the register It is barely possible that the mysterious stranger is at some other point in the city

While at the Park hotel the reporter learned that during last night there had been a red hot discussion in the office on the Coxey question, which had aroused some bad feeling which is now gone A St Louis party had a good deal of sympathy for the Coxey movement, but he found a man of positive views and the courage to express them, who took issue with him, and consequently there was a warm time of it for awhile One of the gentlemen, who is a personal acquaintance of Gen Coxey stated this morning that Coxey is but little less than a loafer He added that the whole Coxey business is a fraud and that there is nothing in it except to give prominence to a lot of fellows who would not work if it were offered them

"Why," he said, "if congress was to pass a law that every man out of a job should receive $1 50 a day, making the condition that every one of the men receiving the money should first take a bath, the whole gang would disperse and there would be no more armies"

The Coxey movement was discussed at the High School literary society meeting

At this writing Col O Mara appears to be a myth He cannot be located Possibly he will hang out his sign for recruits somewhere in this city in a few days

M'INTOSH—MORRISON.

The Marriage of a Popular Couple on North College Street Last Evening

From Thursday's Daily

Alexander McIntosh and Miss Luna Grace Morrison were married last evening at the home of the bride on North College street The wedding was a quiet affair only a few of the intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties being present to witness the ceremony The ceremony was performed at 8 o clock by Rev W H Penhallegon, pastor of the Presbyterian church, of which the bride is an active and influential member The bride was attired in a handsome street gown of tan cloth trimmed in lace, and carried a bunch of Marechal Niel roses The company, which consisted of about thirty persons, after the ceremony and congratulations sat down to a bountiful spread. The couple received a large number of handsome presents Mr McIntosh is at the head of Master in Chancery Finn's abstract office is a splendid gentleman and enjoys a host of friends who will join in well wishes for the future of Mr and Mrs McIntosh, who will reside on North Edward street

COUNTY CONVENTION

AUSTIN REPUBLICAN PRIMARY

A convention of the Republicans of Austin township is hereby called to meet at the town hall in said township on Saturday May 19th, 1894, at 2 30 p m, for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention

A B McKEE, Chairman

BLUE MOUND.

A convention of the Republicans of Blue Mound township is hereby called to meet at the town hall in Boody on Saturday, May 19th, 1894, at 2 30 p m for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention

J A BARNES, Chairman

Republican Primary

The Republican voters of Long Creek township are requested to meet at the Long Creek school house on Saturday May 19, at 2 30 p m, for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention

R P McDONALD, Chairman

Sales of Real Estate.

Elizabeth A Noe to S J Wise lot 6 in McFarland & Strange's addition to Decatur—$1 300

James N Miller to Daniel Stookey, 35 feet off of the north side of lot 2 in Miller & Packard's addition to Decatur—$2 250

J M Miller to Daniel Stookey, 35 feet off the north side of lot 2 in Miller & Packard's addition to Decatur—$1

Nancy J Bills to Mary Jane Bills, 80 feet off of the north side of lot 2 in Martin's addition to Decatur—$1

Loretta B Tyler to J B Prestley, lot 5 in block 3 in Starr & Mills' addition to Decatur $2 800

Jennie E Hathaway to J M Rainey, deed to tract of land in 19, 16, 3 east $146 30

E S Bennell to F B Tait deed to lot 11, block 2 Bellevue Place $650

D G Shiner to Loretta L May deed to lot 16 block 1, Solon's Place $400

Eli F Foster to Jennie Oakes deed to lot 9, block 4, V Snyder jr's addition—$400

A G Webber to Pauline J Baldridge deed to lot 5 Webber's addition of out lots—$2 500

Jules Guardin to A T Sisley deed to lot 6, block 1, East Park Boulevard—$350

John Craig to Mrs Iva Ashburn deed to tract of land in 3 18, 1 east $1200

Charles L Schroll to Dais[illegible] deed to lots 13, 14 and 1[illegible] D[illegible] son subdivision [illegible] valuable consideration

Valentine Snyder, Jr, to Eli E Foster, deed to lot 9, block 4, V Snyder Jr's addition—$250

Daisy N Camery to C E Schroll, deed to tract in 10, 15 2 east—$1 00

Peter Ward to J M Clokey deed to lot 7, block 8, East Park Boulevards—$400

"No CIGARETTE that I ever heard of is free from opium Beyond question the boy that smokes cigarettes stunts his growth, wrecks his nerves and weakens his heart and kidneys long before he reaches manhood" This is the judgment of a San Francisco physician

DUN'S TRADE REVIEW

A Long List of Adverse Conditions

CALCULATED TO DEPRESS BUSINESS,

Borne Up Against by the People of the United States, Sustained by a Sublime Faith in the Future of Their Country.

NEW YORK, May 5—R. G Dun & Co's weekly review of trade, issued to-day, says

It is now as it has been for nearly a year the amazement of intelligent observers that the United States suffers so little from the reverses which other lands share but which fall more heavily here than anywhere else The past week has seen events which would suffice to cause or to explain much disaster Such as strikes of all bituminous coal mines and coke workers with numerous riots strikes of many thousand men in other employments stoppage of many manufacturing works in consequence arrest of traffic on several great rail roads by lawless proceedings and the march of discontented men in all numbering several thousand toward the national capital in the hope of controlling legislation The lowest price ever known for wheat and almost the lowest prices ever known for commodities as a whole exports of $6 400 000 gold instead of abnormally cheapened prospects and the fall of the treasury gold reserve below the $100 000 000 limit are significant of widespread difficulty Yet the volume of business is but 31 3 per cent less than a year ago and in some directions signs of improvement appear even now and the sublime faith of the people in their future is shown in the general belief that strikes and disorders will quickly disappear

[F]avoring weather has brought a distinct change in reports as to condition of winter wheat and as to acreage in corn and cotton It is also important that prices of iron and steel products promptly advance in answer to the stoppage of some works through strikes since it indicates that the recent improvement in the apparent demand was of a substantial character At Pittsburgh Chicago Philadelphia and New York prices have generally advanced though irregularity and in bar iron quotations appear a shade weaker Bessemer pig has advanced 75 cents to $1 steel billets $1 to $1 50 and plates and structural iron and steel and wire rods are stronger, Many reasons that the advance may be maintained at least for a time because cost will rise if strikes succeed and if they fail because of the demonstrated existence of a demand substantially equal to the full product of works thus far started

The shoe industry, which has fallen behind the shipments of last year only 12 per cent in April is somewhat less active than of late but a fair business is reported in heavy shoes and some improvement in the demand for women's wear

Another point of encouragement is the heavy buying of wool amounting to 6 192 800 pounds for the week at the three chief markets against 4 601 000 last year and in April sales were 21 818 958 pounds against 15 998 950 last year As these sales have for years been in steady relation to the entire consumption of wool it is fair to infer that in spite of the stoppage of some important works and in spite of uncertainties as to labor and as to legislation consumption will continue large for some weeks at least Wool averages for 104 grades only 15 3 cents and figures given elsewhere indicate that more than 000 000 pounds of old wool still remain in the country mainly in the hands of farmers Producers of cotton goods also find weak markets but nearly all continue in operation

The enormous unsold stock of wheat which has made a lower average of prices in February March and April than was ever known in any previous month has depressed May wheat to the lowest point on record although western receipts were 1 080 ,30 against 2 188 730 last year and Atlantic exports 1 149 ,85 against 1 538 010 last year The decline for spot has been slight with no change for July Corn yielded a quarter exports falling suddenly below while western receipts nearly doubled last year's and pork products were lower Cotton speculators who have seen larger receipts from plantations in April than a year ago have lost faith and grip with favoring accounts of acreage planted and the price declined an eighth

Railroad agreements promise better things as usual but the gross earnings of all roads reporting in April were 13 7 per cent less than last year following a decline of 15 6 in March and 14 6 in February Such returns are but moderately encouraging It is more important that the Great Northern strike has ended and that vigorous action by the authorities prevents interruption of other lines by bands of tramps In view of strikes and gold exports it is evidence of much confidence that railroad stocks have declined only 13 cents per $100 during the week while reports about legislation have lifted trust stocks 87 cents notwithstanding legal proceedings begun in Illinois and threatened here New laws are supposed to be near the enforcement of laws long ago enacted is supposed to be far off

Money markets have not been disturbed by the large outgo of gold which was taken mainly from the treasury through redemption of notes The continued flow of unemployed money hither is not a sign of health nor the outgo of gold instead of wheat at 61 cents or cotton at 7 3 The demand for commercial loans of the better class does not increase but there are more numerous applications for loans on questionable paper from the interior

THE GREAT RELAY

The August Washington-Denver Ride to be a Grand One

A F Wilson, the local consul for this district, League of American Wheelmen, is daily receiving communications regarding the great Washington-Denver relay ride A letter was received this morning from Major R Thompson manager of the relay ride for the Illinois Division, in which he appoints Mr Wilson the manager of this district, which will comprise the road from Bement to Illiopolis The arrangements are that the Danville men, under Bert Custer, will deliver the message to the Decatur riders at Bement, while Fogarty of Springfield, will have men ready to take it on from Illiopolis

It is the greatest relay ride ever attempted and is to take Washington D C, for a starting point and Denver Colorado as their destination, the a for the wheelmen to carry a message from President Cleveland to the national president of the L A W in Denver [illegible] to have it there in time for the nation[al meet] which occurs in Denver on the 13th of August It is not known yet when the [illegible] will start from Washington but [ro]ugh estimate has been made that they will have to travel 2000 miles and it is thought that the wheelmen can make twelve miles an hour on an average The western wheelmen are [ver]y enthusiastic [illegible]

[illegible] dially The fleetest wheelmen are being picked out for the work and pressed into the service

Challenged by L A G Shoaff

L A G Shoaff, of Paris, on May 4th, challenged Dean McLaughlin, of Terre Haute, winner of the b[illegible] billiard tourney for a contest at b[illegible] next week at Terre Haute.

It cures blood and skin [illegible] does this quickly and permanent[ly] [is] there any good reason why you should not use DeWitt's Sarsaparilla It recommends itself. C H Dawson.

HOW THEY ARE REGARDED

Mr Tracy Tells How Springfield Statesmen Stand in Washington.

Springfield Journal

In talking with a reporter of the *Journal* about his late trip east and especially about his observations in Washington, Mr Frank W Tracy said among other things, "As a citizen of Springfield I am very much gratified to find the three gentlemen from this city occupying positions in the national congress of so much influence and power Congressman Springer has by his continuous service of 20 years attained a position in the lower house of great prominence He has been able to do this because the people of this district have sent him back so often that experience gained in the previous service has been cumulative and worth more each succeeding year Unfortunately Mr Springer has yielded to the influence of the lunacies of free silver and free trade, which destroy all the good effects which might result from his continuous service and he is now a vastly more dangerous man to the best interests of the country than heretofore He should and no doubt will be defeated

"General Palmer has in a short time acquired a position because of his great courage His resistance to the noisy crowd of free silver lunatics and his manly stand for honest money has pushed him to the front

"Senator Cullom's position in the senate is an enviable one His twelve years of service have won him power and influence of no mean importance in the greatest legislative body of the world He impressed himself on the statutes of the United States, notably in the inter state commerce act, which has been so favorably received by the people A prominent gentleman holding a high position in the financial world, a general in the late war, said to me 'The people of Illinois ought to profit by the example of the people of the New England states, which have acquired an influence on national legislation beyond their merits simply because they retain their senator in position for almost a life time' He suggested that now was a time for the Illinois people to take a stand and return Senator Cullom, who had manifested a peculiar fitness for his position Certainly, he said, if the Republicans want to have influence with the next administration, which he had no doubt would be Republican, one familiar with all the ins and outs of the government could accomplish much more for the people of the state than could a new man

"Senator Cullom has been faithful to the best interests of the people, resisting all the blandishments of the silver lunacy and standing firmly by the idea of protection which the past year has fully demonstrated means good wages for all wage workers and prosperity for all classes of men

THE assessors of Moultrie county have held a meeting and agreed upon the following basis of assessment throughout the county Horses, $15 cattle, $6, mules $15, sheep, $1, hogs, $1 25, steam engines, $50, fire and burglar proof safes, $35, billiard tables, $20, carriages and wagons, $5 watches and clocks $1, sewing machines, $3, pianos, $30 organs, $8, oats, 6 cents per bushel, corn, 8 cents and wheat 15 cents Moultrie county lands are to average per acre as follows Dora and Lowe townships, $9 50 per acre, Sullivan Lovington Jonathan Creek, Marrowbone and Whitley, $9 per acre, East Nelson, $7 per acre

FRIED ice cream has become very popular in Philadelphia A small, solid cake of ice cream, says the *Record*, is enveloped in a thin sheet of pie crust, and then dipped in boiling lard or butter long enough to cook the outside covering to a crisp If served immediately the ice cream is found to be as solidly frozen as when it was first prepared The process of frying is so quickly accomplished and the pastry is so good a protector that the heat has no chance to reach the frozen cream Another novelty is baked ice cream, which has a meringue top

ED C GAY and Harry K Midkiff have formed a partnership under the style of Gay & Midkiff The firm will conduct an Insurance, Real Estate Loan, Auctioneering & Collecting business at No 137 North Water street Both of the boys are young and are both well acquainted and being pushers are very likely to get a good slice of the business in Macon county The REPUBLICAN wishes them success

THE Rantoul Building and Loan Association has gone into the hands of a receiver It had loans amounting to $81 800, and cash on hand to the amount of $1,151 44 There were 974 shares of stock in force, 842 of which had been borrowed on and 126 of which were free shares

DEWITT'S Sarsaparilla is prepared for cleansing the blood from impurities and disease It does this and more It builds up and strengthens constitutions impaired by disease It recommends itself C H Dawson

THE first meeting of New York's constitutional convention will be next Tuesday in the Legislative Assembly chamber at Albany Mr Choate is talked of for permanent chairman

"NED MURPHY" ten days temperance campaign in Boston brought from 3000 to 1900 people to sign the pledge and put on the blue ribbon

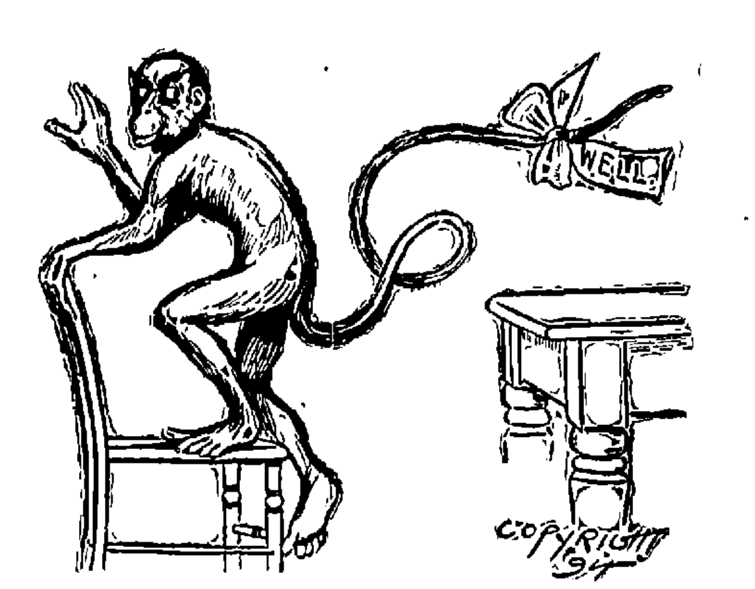
PURE blood means good health Reinforce it with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla It purifies the blood, cures Eruptions, Eczema, Scrofula and all diseases arising from impure blood It recommends itself C H Dawson

NEW YORK with an assessed valuation of $2 500 000 000, is the richest state in the union Pennsylvania is next, with a valuation of $6,000 000,000

As a shell has struck before you hear the report of the gun, so slander does its fatal work before the calumniator [illegible]

[illegible] Cleveland is preparing to [illegible] extra people when the [illegible] there

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.



All's Well That Ends Well.

Perhaps you have been monkeying with other Clothing Stores, but if you want good, reliable goods, that fit right and are stylish, Prices guaranteed to be as Low as you pay for Inferior Clothing, Come and see us before you buy. We know we can please you in our

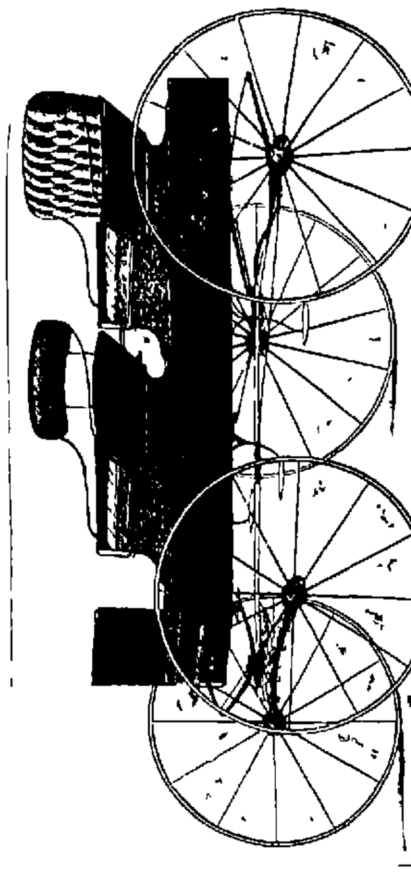
Lucky Worsted Brand.

Wait for our STRAW HAT SALE that we we will have on tap in a day or two.

Race Clothing M'f'g Co.,

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BRANDS OF FLOUR.

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As a newspaper THE INTER OCEAN keeps abreast of the times in all respects It spares neither pains nor expense in securing ALL THE LATEST NEWS AND THE BEST OF CURRENT LITERATURE.

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of EIGHT ADDITIONAL PAGES making in all SIXTEEN PAGES This supplement contains SIX PAGES OF READING MATTER and TWO FULL PAGE ILLUSTRATIONS [illegible] worth the price charged for the paper

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It is in accord with the people of the West both in Politics and Literature

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Every Republican in Macon county should avail himself of this offer and thereby put the very best republican literature in his family The recent magnificent and overwhelming triumphs of the party in Ohio Iowa New York and Chicago and in other Northern States show the vigor of the party and how its principles when tried by the dogmas of the opposition wins votes to it This admonishes every Republican that he should hear the cry that calls him to the front in his own party that he should patronize and study his own principles in the papers of his own party and urge his neighbors to read the same It becomes the duty of every Republican to prepare for the great conflicts with error in 1894 and in 1896 The way to do this is to drink at the Republican fountain by taking and reading Republican newspapers

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Good Working Suits.

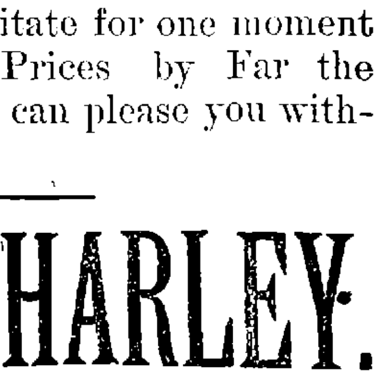
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When you consider the QUALITY of our goods you will not hesitate for one moment to pronounce Our Prices by Far the Cheapest. Come; we can please you without a doubt.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

To Be Better.



TIMES will be better in this locality when people patronize home industries In order to give my workmen employment last winter I made up a number of Surreys, Phætons, Buggies, Road Wagons, Road Carts and Spring Wagons These goods are strictly first class and guaranteed to be equal to any made They occupy room in my shop that I want to use in making other new goods, and to close them out I will sell them at less than factory prices. Now, if you want to help a home industry and at the same time secure a bargain call and see my goods They will not last long at this reduction sale.

A. KRAMER,

Corner East Main and Franklin streets, Decatur, Ill.

Weekly Republican.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur Illinois as second class mail matter

THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1894

When a man has religion his live stock ought to know something about it

The imposition of Walter Q Gresham does not seem to have helped the Democratic party much in Indiana

He laughs best who laughs last [illegible] maxim that a great many so called Democratic leaders who are now cursing Senator Hill should paste in their bonnet

Col W C P Breckinridge is denouncing the preachers and the press. A man does not need much character to indulge in such flings [illegible] Breckinridge is right in it

The present condition of Coxey's Army is no more deplorable than the present condition of the Democratic party and the [illegible] entitled to about as much sympathy as the other

Why is it that the sons of so many well to do people [illegible] the faith [illegible] that [illegible] their stock up and their children [illegible]

The candidates who have announced themselves subject to the Republican convention to be held in this city the 29th of this month [illegible] so far as the standing of the men themselves is concerned the party can make no mistake on that line

All our present troubles the Democratic campaign papers say are the result of bad Republican legislation. Why then this be true [illegible] the Democrats have clearly demonstrated during their 14 months of power that the Republican party is the only party that can legislate

Bourke Cockran says he was elected two [illegible] pay when he was absent in Chicago delivering a patriotic speech. If Burke had remained in his seat voting for such unpatriotic measures as the Wilson bill the party to which he belongs would have given him full pay

As a rule Coxey attracted a bigger crowd in Washington than Breckinridge but Breckinridge shines with the filth of an [illegible] hall of congress the peer of his fellows while Coxey is being tried for walking on the forbidden preserves of the grass

When Cleveland accepted the [illegible] Cleveland's admirers [illegible] If he [illegible] kill the Democratic party as a political [illegible] success. It [illegible] the country a good administration [illegible] department of state has been a failure from the start to the present [illegible]

Every Republican newspaper and every Republican speaker in the United States in 1892 warned the people that in case the Democrats were successful their policy would have the effect of prostrating business, filling the country with idle men and our cities with soup houses to feed the poor. All this has happened and now the [illegible] responsible for it say it is due to bad Republican legislation

Lower Wages

There are still some people who can not understand that the Democratic policy has put the country in a position where there must be idleness of labor and idleness of capital unless there is a reduction of the price of labor. The only way that the business of the country can be adjusted to the changed conditions is by the reduction of wages as the starting point. If we hold our market against the foreign importation of goods which the party in power seeks to stimulate we can only do it by reducing the cost of production. Ninety percent of the cost of nearly all manufactured products is labor and there is little or no chance to reduce the cost of production except along the line of wage reduction. This we say must be done to hold our own market and it must be admitted by every candid man that it is useless to attempt to gain a foothold in foreign markets unless we can produce cheap enough to hold our own

On this practical and important point of the reduction of wages Henry Clews the financier has this to say

The general demand in the manufacturing and mining industries for lower wages thus becomes a matter of the first importance to the revival for which all interests are hoping. So far the trades unions are offering stubborn resistance upon a broad scale to this [illegible] struggle may be prolonged [illegible] will have to yield in the end [illegible] no doubt [illegible] manufacturer [illegible] position to continue [illegible] becomes a question [illegible] industries [illegible] country [illegible] and we may [illegible] probability in the labor market that will suddenly change the whole aspect of business and introduce a return to comparative prosperity

Hugh O'Donnell on Coxeyism.

The Chicago *Tribune* Mr Hugh O Donnell, who accompanied the Coxey army on its march from Massillon to Washington in the capacity of a newspaper correspondent, has given his testimony both as to the rank and file of the commonweal and its leaders. It is testimony of no ordinary importance and significance, and it probably characterizes this absurd and purposeless pilgrimage as accurately and truthfully as can be done, since Mr O Donnell not only has had unusual opportunities for forming his opinion, but is perhaps as thoroughly qualified to judge of this demonstration as anyone can be

Mr O Donnell has nothing but pity for the men as he thinks the majority of them have been deluded by the leaders into believing that once in Washington the National Government would supply them with food money and work. It is altogether a hopeless helpless pitiable crew he says. For the leaders he has nothing but contempt. The men who are leading the movement he says are neither of them sincere in the promises they hold out to their followers or the position they assume before the public. Coxey is a horse jockey and Browne is a mountebank of the worst description. Coxey is not the sort of man to lead in any movement. Any plan that Coxey would be mixed up in would mean Coxey first and every one else afterward. All that Coxey stands for is Coxey and all that Browne stands for is Browne. The men under them stand for nothing at all as a rule. More important still is O Donnell's earnest and positive statement that the Coxey movement has no connection whatever with the existing industrial agitation and that actual workingmen or workingmen temporarily out of work, have no sympathy with the preposterous folly of the Coxey Browne scheme. Mr O Donnell says on this point

That the movement in any way represents the sentiment of the laboring classes of the country is utter nonsense. There is no man in this country who has the good of the laboringman more at heart than I have, and I have made it my business to go into shops all along the route on the march to Washington and see what the workingmen really thought on the subject. Without exception they ridiculed it and I did not find a respectable workingman who would have thought for an instant of leaving his place however poor it might have been to join in such a demonstration

The statements of Mr O Donnell carry authority with them not alone because he has accompanied this army from the first talked with the men and observed methods and operations but also because Mr O Donnell has always been identified with workingmen and their interests. He was the leader in the great Homestead strike. All his prejudices if he has any, are in favor of workingmen. If there were any phase of Coxeyism which recommended itself to him he would be quick to advocate it. He is in a position to speak for honest labor and he has authority to speak for it. When therefore he stigmatizes these senseless crusades so emphatically as folly it is an evidence that labor does not sympathize with them, however much demagogues of the Sovereign and Weaver stamp may seek to make it appear that it does. In condemning the Coxey movement Mr O Donnell has condemned the movements of Kelly Frye Randall Galvin and all the others for they are all of a kind. There are the same ignorant deluded men in each army and they are led by the same class of demagogues and notoriety seekers

Against Breckenridge

The following dispatch from Lexington Ky shows how intense the feeling is in that city as the result of the attempt to return Breckinridge to congress

There was an exciting time at the Hill Street Methodist church tonight. After Rev C H Morrison the evangelist had preached his sermon Rev Dr Southgate the pastor and chaplain of the Confederate Veterans association arose and said I understand that at the Breckinridge meeting at the opera house some one called for me. They could have easily found me and I would have gone there if there had been 10 000 devils en route. I will give my life in defense of these ladies. He then broke down and left the pulpit

Rev Morrison then got up and said amid the greatest excitement Lexington is a Sodom and Gomorrah as in this city so many people indorse a liar hypocrite and adulterer

This sally was greeted with cheers and Rev Southgate again walked to the front and said A gentleman in this church approached me today and said that he was glad that Breckinridge had scored the preachers for their interference in the Breckinridge trouble. I repeat what I said at the meeting in the Young Mens Christian Association hall that no decent Christian man could indorse such a man

A [illegible] of friends and tremendous applause followed this and in the midst of the excitement Rev Morrison dismissed the crowd

Congressman [illegible] committee [illegible] the Senate [illegible] industrial depression [illegible] the passage of the Wilson bill [illegible] prosperity as the Democratic leaders claim it will? Can it be possible that they fear the passage of the Wilson bill will have no more effect in restoring prosperity than the repeal of the silver purchase act had. If Mr McGann will possess himself in peace until the fall elections the people will help him to remove the cause

[illegible] encouraging to the country [illegible] that after the Democrats of [illegible] had passed a tariff bill and [illegible] committee of the Senate took [illegible] knocked all the principle [illegible] out of it and otherwise [illegible] and after three [illegible] weeks debate in the senate the Democratic statesmen are revising the bill. Such tinkers are unfit [illegible] a matter that so seriously affects the business interests of the country as a tariff bill and that is the reason their product ought to be defeated at all hazards

Suppose.

In a speech before a Democratic club in Chicago last week Mr Clarence Darrow the gentleman who spoke twice in the opera house in this city in 1892 and told the laboringmen what a paradise would be their lot in case the Democrats got control of the government, said

The times are not propitious for Democratic victories

Of course the times are bad. Instead of the laboringmen having been wafted to heights of glory and independence by the great Democratic victory as Mr Darrow promised, they have been wafted as a result of that Democratic victory to idleness and a general reduction of wages with no promise for the future, hence the bad times which are not very promising for Democratic victories referred to by Mr Darrow last week

Bad times not promising for Democratic victories. Indeed then it is the first time in thirty years that Mr Darrow and his Democratic co workers have felt that calamities cannot be turned to Democratic account. What makes the difference? Why is it that the present prostration cannot be turned to the benefit of the Democratic party? Has Mr Darrow no faith in the charge the campaigners are making to the effect that all the people are now suffering is due to bad Republican legislation? Does he fear that the present calamities may not be made to do service for the Democratic party in this way? And yet this is precisely what the Democratic party will this fall attempt to do in its state conventions. That is precisely the kind of slop they expect to feed their followers whom they have been deceiving for thirty years

It is evident that Mr Darrow is of the opinion this will be hard and up hill work under the present conditions but suppose that while the Republicans were in power they had been stupid enough to allow such a condition as that the people are now suffering from to arise? What would such men as Mr Darrow then have said? They would have said that all legislation was against labor. That the Republicans had no regard for the interests of labor that, as a party, the condition was due to its legislation in favor of the rich at the expense of the poor that the Republican party had taken the bread out of the mouths of those honest and worthy citizens who compose Coxey's army, and that when the advance guard of the commonweal of Christ reached Washington instead of receiving bread they were pounded into insensibility with policemen's clubs that they were denied the right to petition congress for a correction of their grievances. That they were denied the right of free speech that Kelley's contingent of that army had been denied the right to ride in freight cars, while stock and the congressmen rode in palaces that the president had called out the regular army to invade a sovereign state to shoot down the poor laboring man in Montana who were peaceably making their way to Washington on a captured train that they had a right to take because labor had made the cars and the engine and had laid the track and consequently had a vested right in the road that a combination of capital aided by a capitalistic press had defrauded the farmer out of his hard earnings by lowering the price of his product, and that the people ought to rise in their might and march upon Washington with cannon and sword and gatling guns and invest that city and never leave it until congress granted them their rights and filled their pockets with money

In 1892 when the country was more prosperous than it ever had been before these same people told the masses times ought to be better that wages ought to be increased and the necessaries of life made cheaper and set up a general calamity howl and upon this false issue carried the election and upset prosperity and put in its place prostration as every man acquainted with Democratic shams knew they would and now since they have done this, Mr Darrow says he does not think the conditions are favorable for Democratic victories and he is right. The people are not foolish enough to make two mistakes of the same kind in succession. The Democratic calamity howl of 1892 was a fraud and the people have found it out by hard experience, and they want no more of it, and Mr Darrow seems to know it

The Democrats

The Democratic senatorial committee for the 31st district, which includes the counties of Macon, Moultrie and Christian held a conference this afternoon at the St Nicholas hotel. The members of the committee are Macon S S Jack A G Webber and J M Gray Christian J C Creighton Moultrie, I J Martin. The committee will select the time and place for holding the senatorial convention

Mr Creighton was chairman of the meeting [illegible] It was decided to hold the convention in Decatur on Wednesday July 11. The representation will be Christian county 18 votes Macon 22 Moultrie 8 total 47

The Democracy of Shelby county in the resolutions passed in their county convention declare

Whereas We are in the midst of a great financial crisis, affecting the prosperity of the country brought about by long years of republican peculation and misrule. Therefore etc

This was adopted with a whoop but the same convention refused to endorse Grover Cleveland the Democratic president. Probably the reasons are embodied in the above preamble. They may be of the opinion that Cleveland like the rest of the calamities is chargeable to Republican misrule

The gerrymander case, which came up at Danville yesterday upon the request of the attorney general and his colleagues has been postponed until Monday May 14th. The attorney general wanted time to decide whether there really is any defense for the worst job any set of politicians ever put up against the people of the State of Illinois

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, May 7 1894

The presence of 500 men encamped for a week within the limits of the National capital, banded together under the name of an army and threatening openly to remain until joined by a sufficient number of men to intimidate congress into granting the ridiculous demands of its self appointed leader and the circumstances attendant upon their coming and their stay here presents quite as impressive an object lesson as the financial object lesson inaugurated by the Cleveland administration about this time last year and unless the difference between liberty and license is more sharply defined may lead to quite as much misery. That a majority of the men that this man Coxey has enticed into Washington and quartered in a pest hole from which he has moved his valuable horses for fear of their dying from the foul and malaria laden atmosphere are lazy good natured tramps only intent upon avoiding work and being fed is apparent by their refusal of work when offered them, but it is equally apparent that this man Coxey means mischief should his force grow strong enough to make it, and the Populist senators and representatives are doing all they can to encourage it. When this man Coxey and two of his followers were arrested for violating law in their absurd attempt to speak from the steps of the capitol every populist in congress who could make any claim to being a lawyer appeared in the police court nominally as their volunteer defenders but in reality to intimidate that court. This is the third day of their trial which ought not to have lasted more than an hour

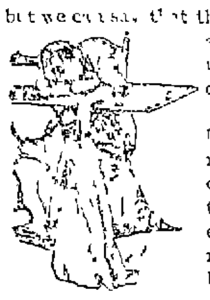
Sugar has certainly played a star part in the tariff tinkering farce comedy that has been going on in the senate for two weeks, and unless information that has been received from Louisiana is incorrect sugar is either going to get all of the flowers in the last act or it is going to break up the show. Demands have been made upon Senators Caffery and Blanchard of Louisiana, by the sugar planters of that state that the repudiate the 10 per cent ad valorem duty on sugar by the present bill and demand a straight duty of 2 cents a pound—40 per cent is a fraction less than 1 cent a pound—and vote against the entire bill if the 2 cent duty is not put upon sugar. It is very embarrassing to the senators named who have already in caucus agreed to support the bill as it stands. They are it is said given their choice of obeying the demand of the sugar planters or retiring from the senate. They both hold gubernatorial appointments and the legislature that will meet on the 15th inst will elect senators to fill both of the unexpired terms as well as one for a full term. To fully understand the situation it must be remembered that the Louisiana legislature is overwhelmingly in favor of a 2 cent duty on sugar, and that it has the power, should Caffery and Blanchard refuse to fight for it, to send within forty eight hours after its meeting is their successors men who will. It must not be forgotten, either, that with the votes of the two Louisiana senators and that of Hill, of New York, cast against the tariff bill even if there are more Democratic affections, that measure will be killed

The oil, sugar, whisky and other trusts have been taken care of, through Democratic threats to defeat the tariff bill, so who can blame the Louisiana people for taking advantage of the power given them by a chain of extraordinary circumstances to demand what they want. Ever since the senate began its tariff tinkering it has been a grab game, why shouldn't Louisiana grab her share? It is to head off the action of the Louisiana senators that the proposition has been made in the house to put an amendment on the legislative and executive appropriation bill repealing the sugar bounty, but its efficacy would be more than doubtful, although there is little doubt about its being put through the house easy enough. But, if the Louisiana senators can defeat the tariff bill, unless their demands are met they can also defeat the repeal of the sugar bounty. It looks to a man up a tree as though they can be absolute masters of the situation if they have the nerve and the will to be such

Ex Secretary Tracy is quoted as saying to a friend that in addition to work and worry his life cost him $30 000 every year above his salary of $8 000

We can't tell you what life is

but we can say that the amount of it in a person depends upon the condition of the nerves. Without good healthy nerves life is feeble and miserable, and liable to leave the body entirely, but with nerves braced up by



Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

one is vigorous and athletic. The Vitalizer prevents over exertion unusual taxing and extreme excitement from weakening the nerves and cures all nerve disorders like Prostration, Debility Sleeplessness Headache etc

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Inquire of druggists for free sample. If not found, write us enclosing five cents (stamps) for postage. The doctor gives free advice to any nerve disease sufferers. All welcome

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DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

SPECIALS
This Week.

75 Pieces Dress Goods, 19c.
40 Pieces All Wool Henrietta, 39c.
100 Pieces Best Wool Challies, 15c.

85 pieces White Checked India Linen, worth 18c, at 10c.
22 pieces India Linen, with lace stripe, worth 25c, at 15c.
60 pieces Figured Irish Lawn, fast color, 5c.
42 pieces Figured Dress Duck, 10c.
25 pieces Figured Sateens, 9c.
Fifty pieces Figured Dimity, 12½c.
25 pieces French Dotted Swiss, 25c.
100 Parasols, 98c.
50 Children's Parasols, 25c.
75 26-inch Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Paragon Frame, $1.25.
27 pieces 5, 6 and 7 inch Lace, 19c.
1000 pieces Moire, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, 7, 8, 10, 12½, 15c.
2000 yds. Embroidery, 1, 2 and 3c yd.
15 pieces Figured Grenadine, fast black, worth 98c, at 39c.
27 pieces All Silk Surah, in colors, 25c.
14 pieces Natural Pongee Silk, 25c.
35 pieces Figured China Silk, 21c.
100 pieces Figured Cotton China Cloth at 15c.
1000 boxes of good Sewing Silk; each box contains 1500 yards in lengths from one to ten yards, formerly at 30c, now 4c.
Ladies' Muslin Chemise, 19c.
Ladies' Muslin Skirts, 39c.
Ladies' Muslin Gowns, 69c.
Misses' Muslin Gowns, 98c.
Children's Wash Hats, 25c.
Boys' School Caps, 19c.
House Wrappers, 98c.
Ladies' Ready Made Suits, $7.98.
Ladies' Capes, $2.98 and $3.50.
Ladies' Jackets, $3.00 and $5.00.
Boys' Shirt Waists, 15c.
Men's Underwear, 49c Suit.
Men's Wash Ties, 25c.
Men's Fine Half Hose, 12½c pair.

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Matting, Wall Paper and *Window Shades.*

PRICES NEVER SO LOW.

NOTICE.--We are furnishing the best facilities for storage and repairing Seal Sacques, Furs and Fur Trimmed Garments. No offensive odor, no folding, no creasing. All furs stored with us are thoroughly cleaned, which alone is worth more than our charges for storage. We shall be pleased to receive orders to call for garments. Estimates for re-dyeing and making over Fur Garments cheerfully furnished.

PRICES FOR STORING GARMENTS:

Seal Sacques 50 cents a month
Seal Capes 35 cents a month
Imitation Seal Coat 35 cents a month
Imitation Seal Cape, 25 cents a month
Fur Collars 15 cents a month
Fur Muffs 15 cents a month
Fur Rugs 10 cents a month

LINN & SCRUGGS.

TROUBLE IMPENDING

The Senate Revision of the Wilson Tariff Bill

CRITICISED BY HOUSE DEMOCRATS.

Its High Protective Duties Not in Accord with the Demands of Tariff Reform or the Best Interests of the Country

WASHINGTON May 9—The changes made by the senate committee in the tariff bill are not acceptable to the democrats of the house. The democratic members of the ways and means committee who framed the Wilson tariff bill and other leading representatives do not conceal their disappointment that the house measure should have been so materially modified.

A general caucus of the house yesterday disclosed no intention on the part of the democrats to assail the senate changes in an arbitrary spirit but at [illegible] the fact that the house democrats generally were entirely satisfied with the bill as it went to the senate and no attempt was made to conceal the regret that it should not have been returned to them in practically its original form.

Mr McMillin of Tennessee said in speaking of the amendments made by the senate committee that some of the increases are not demanded either by the manufacturers or by the country. "To give free wool and a reduction on the chemicals and dyes used in their manufacture," said he "with a high rate on woolen goods is a policy not in accord with the demands of tariff reform or the best interests of the country. I realize that the senate committee has labored under many difficulties and that they have yielded some points which they would gladly have refused. But many of the increases are excessive and I hope that the senate itself will reject them and not call upon the house to concur with them. The democrats have only one majority in the senate and they must move cautiously. They have not dared to reduce the rate on tax imposed on incomes and that however will be reduced either by the senate or the house."

Mr Whiting of Michigan another member of the ways and means committee said that he did not see how the house could accept an increase in the cotton schedule. "Cotton goods," he said "are consumed by the poorer people who are unable to buy wool goods. To put cotton goods in the hands of the trusts is an outrage. I think the public will oppose the increased duty on tobacco."

Mr Springer of Illinois who was the chairman of the ways and means committee in the last congress expressed regret at the changes which had been made but added philosophically that all tariff measures must be the work of concession and compromise.

The sentiment expressed extended indefinitely but the gentlemen quoted above apparently reflect the sentiment of all their democratic colleagues many others of whom were seen and whose objections to the changes were based upon substantially the same lines.

FALLING INTO THE RIVER.

A Canadian Town Doomed by Land slides

QUEBEC Can May 8 A dispatch received this morning from St Anne de la Parade says the place is in great danger of destruction by landslides brought on by causes similar to those which recently nearly wiped St Alban out of existence. A short distance from here five houses have already been carried into the river and ten others are rapidly crumbling to pieces.

The Canadian Pacific railway bridge is weakening and when it goes it is almost certain to take the whole village with it. Farmers and villagers are abandoning their homes and removing their portable property to places of safety.

The Situation Alarming

QUEBEC May 8 News received at midnight is to the effect that the situation is alarming. Houses are falling in one by one and being carried away by the stream which is being made a raging torrent by the heavy rainfall.

M Toussant to be Prosecuted

PARIS May 9—The chamber of deputies was crowded with members and visitors yesterday when M Millerand read the report of the committee of which he is chairman, to which was referred the matter of considering the advisability of prosecuting M Toussant social deputy for the eleventh arrondissement of Paris for insulting the police on the occasion of the strike of the workmen in the [illegible] iron works. The report was unfavorable to the proposal to prosecute M Toussant.

[illegible]

Administrator's Notice

[illegible]

JACOB M LEHMAN
LOVENIA I FINLEY
Administrators of the Estate of Andrew Bisler deceased
CRE[illegible] LEWIS, Attorneys. w3w

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The state supreme court has decided that prohibition is in force in South Carolina

—Mutinous convicts made an attempt yesterday to blow their way out of the Jackson (Mich) prison by dynamite

—The Garfield buggy works at Columbus O. were burned yesterday morning. Loss on building and contents $19 000 fully covered by insurance

—The continued melting of snow in the mountains and the heavy rains have again raised the waters of the Batiscan river to the danger point

—Mr and Mrs John Chanler (Amelie Rives) of Richmond Va are making preparations to start about June 1 for an extended trip through the [illegible]

—The strike of miners at Mimix Bavaria is spreading and additional troops were yesterday sent to the scene to prevent disorder. The strike involves 8 000 men

—The first annual convention of the National [illegible] of Political [illegible] which was formed at Chicago last year met in [illegible] entertainment hall Exposition building St Louis at 10 a m yesterday

—It was discovered in the hold of the steamship [illegible] at Rotterdam which [illegible] the strenuous efforts of the ship's crew [illegible] the cargo was considerably [illegible]

Representative Simpson's condition improved somewhat during Monday after his relapse of Sunday night and he was able to sit up in bed for a few minutes during yesterday afternoon

It is reported that Lexington Ky that a delegation of [illegible] will soon wait upon Col Breckinridge and present him a paper asking him in the name of the party to withdraw from the congressional race

The [illegible] in the house of commons [illegible] to vote bodily against the second reading of the budget bill. Three or four [illegible] to abstain from voting and the [illegible]

—The house judiciary committee has set Friday next for consideration of the report of its subcommittee which investigated the charges against Judge Jenkins of the circuit court for the eastern district of Wisconsin

A vague but disquieting telegram has been received from Hsian [illegible] from which it is said that two [illegible] missionaries in that district have been seized and bamboozed and imprisoned by the Chinese officials

M Max[illegible] has withdrawn all of his charges against Count Elie de Talleyrand Perigord. It is stated that M [illegible] has [illegible] the losses he sustained through the count's forgeries

—The [illegible] plant at the Connellsville [illegible] in full operation. The only works making an attempt to run yesterday were Valley Southwest Nos 1 and 4 More [illegible] and Rainey and they are doing [illegible]

Walter Nichols a St Louis steeplejack [illegible] with a [illegible] at the [illegible] at the ruins of the [illegible] wooden [illegible] which he was to [illegible] 100 feet and was [illegible]

—Sergt Woodlock of St Louis who shot and [illegible] Kennedy [illegible] latter was resisting arrest was yesterday exonerated by the coroner's jury. Sergt Woodlock is in a [illegible] but [illegible] poison [illegible] in which Kennedy [illegible] on the face

FIRE IN BERMUDA.

An Awful Calamity Averted by the Heroic Efforts of Brave Men

HALIFAX, N S May 9—Bermuda advices by steamer Alpha which arrived yesterday morning give the following particulars of the fire at the dock yard there. The store belonging to the ordnance department to the north of the dock yard on Ireland's [illegible] was discovered to be on fire about 8 p m Wednesday April 25. The proximity of the fire to the magazine where a large quantity of powder was stored caused the utmost apprehension and there was great excitement especially when it was reported that an order had been given for the people to flee for their lives. Women partially clad with babes wrapped in blankets and children clinging to their parents in the utmost terror fled to Boaz and Somerset but the efforts of the firemen and the fortunate direction of the wind averted the possibility of one of the greatest calamities in the history of the country.

Sailors and marines from the Blake and other war ships in port and all the garrison men fought bravely until midnight. They removed all the powder and shells they could find from the magazines. Hundreds of Gatling Hotchkiss and Nordenfeld guns were destroyed also 1,800 magazine rifles 800 swords 900 bayonets and hundreds of cases of shrapnel shells. The massive stone walls of the armory did not stand the terrible heat and they fell amidst the rains of cannon shot and shell. The loss will be over $100 000.

Sued for Debt in London

LONDON May 9—Application was made by a creditor at the Westminster court yesterday for the committal of J S Sheridan the American actor, for debt. The creditor alleged in his application that although Mr Sheridan and his wife are in receipt of a joint salary of £75 weekly he has not been able to collect the money due him. Mr Sheridan in explanation of the matter said that the creditor had merely forestalled him as he was about to present his own petition in bankruptcy.

Reported Revolution in Buenos Ayres

LONDON May 9—The Argentine consul general states that he has learned from an outside but trustworthy source that a revolution had broken out in Buenos Ayres capital of the Argentine republic.

Inquiries in regard to affairs in Buenos Ayres were made at the Argentine legation the Barings banking house and at the River Plate bank. At all these places nothing has been heard of a revolution in Buenos Ayres.

A Burglar Shot by a [illegible]

PORT [illegible] N Y May 9 Hugh Bullock [illegible] years old and [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] at the [illegible] residence here [illegible] ransacking the [illegible] rooms at [illegible] o'clock yesterday morning and fired four shots at him two of which took effect. The burglar was captured and is in a critical condition.

Base Ball

The following games were played yesterday:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 18, Brooklyn [illegible]

At New York—New York [illegible], Boston [illegible]

At Louisville—St Louis [illegible], Louisville [illegible]

At Baltimore—Baltimore [illegible], Washington [illegible]

At Cleveland—Cleveland [illegible], Chicago [illegible]

At Pittsburg—Pittsburgh [illegible], Cincinnati [illegible]

Corbett a Drawing Card

LONDON May 9—James J Corbett the American actor pugilist has signed a contract for a season of eight nights at the Nouveau Cirque Paris beginning May 15. His performances will be confined to exhibitions of boxing. By the terms of the contract Corbett will receive $ [illegible] 000 for his eight appearances. Corbett will open his provincial tour in Glasgow on May 21

Accepted the Resignation

WASHINGTON May 9—Attorney General Olney has received and accepted the resignation of McLain Jones, assistant district attorney for the western district of Missouri.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

Mr. Hoar's Charge Against Democratic Senators

A VOTE FOR THE WILSON TARIFF BILL

As Amended by the Committee on Revision a Violation of Their Oaths to Support the Constitution —In the House

SENATE

WASHINGTON May 8—During the delivery of Mr Hoar's speech on the tariff in the senate today when he had expressed his conviction that the finance committee did not approve the bill and that most of the men who were to vote for it would when they did so violate their oaths to support the constitution as they understood it he was asked by Mr Gray (dem Del) whether he meant to say that the persons who would vote for the bill would violate their oaths.

"I do," was Mr Hoar's blunt answer

Mr Gray (with a tinge of anger in his manner)—That is a very remarkable charge for the senator to make of his colleagues in the senate

It is a very remarkable thing to do Mr Hoar said

I repel the charge as unworthy of the senator from Massachusetts and as unworthy of a senator in this place. Mr Gray exclaimed with increasing anger

"The democratic party," said Mr Hoar argumentatively "acquired the confidence of the country in 1892 by a platform which declared that protection was a robbery and a fraud and was a violation of the constitution and they have got a bill now crowded with protection. They have put in it new protecting duties. They have put a duty on sugar which they are going to increase for protection and for nothing else. Now when that is done does the senator from Delaware think that I am going to be deterred by a little bluster from him. There is no logical escape for a man who says that a duty for protection is robbery and is a violation of the constitution and who then comes in and takes an oath that the constitution as so understood by him he will support. He violates that pledge and that oath when he puts into legislation a new law or increase of an old duty—both of which this bill does in abundance—for the mere purpose of protection and when it is well known that they could not pass the bill except with the aid of persons who want those duties for protection."

Mr Gray—Does the senator think that what he has said is entitled to any better designation than bluster when he charges his colleagues and peers in the senate with violating their oaths?

The senator said Mr Hoar is violating the rules of the senate

I leave it to that greater tribunal the public Mr Gray replied as to who has violated the proprieties and the duties which a senator owes to his constituents

After some further interchange of remarks in the same spirit Mr Gray made the point of order on Mr Hoar that he had charged his colleagues with violating their oaths by their action in the senate

The point of order was overruled by the presiding officer (Mr Gallinger rep) and Mr Hoar went on with his speech

Mr Quay delivered the sixth part of his speech against the tariff

After considering executive business the senate at 5 p m adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE

The bill to purchase a site for a government printing [illegible] was committed to the committee on public [illegible] with instructions to report a bill providing for the erection of a printing office on ground already in the possession of the United States. This was agreed to by a vote of 100 to 80 after an hour's discussion of the policy which it foreshadowed, of one time public buildings up in the public reservations of the city

The naval appropriation bill for the year ending June 30 1895 was taken up in committee of the whole and to do the unfinished business on the calendar after a brief explanation of its provisions by Mr Cummings chairman of the committee on naval affairs.

WHAT OLD MOULTRIE DID.

Republicans Name a County Ticket and Honor W G Cochran

[Special Correspondence]

LOS RITCHINGS The event of the week to date in this city was the Republican county convention which was held at the court house on Monday at 2 o'clock p m. The convention was called to order by James A Gregory county chairman, and B F G Hagerman was chosen chairman of the convention and 51 delegates responded to the roll call. J A Gregory A R Scott, J P Eskridge and C A Hight were appointed delegates to the state convention. The convention endorsed W G Cochran for the legislature and authorized him to select the necessary number of delegates to the senatorial convention. The so called Isaac Hudson was nominated for judge, P McPheeters for county treasurer, Thos Lansden for sheriff, T O Gibson for county clerk and Miss Armentrout for superintendent of schools. W G Cochran was elected county chairman. A L Jenkins secretary and [illegible] Ashworth senatorial committeeman to fill vacancy caused by the death of R L Nazworthy. The convention was harmonious and general good feeling prevailed. At the close of the business meeting Prof Sh[illegible], candidate for state superintendent of public instruction made a speech and W G Cochran in response to the call of delegates spoke briefly scoring the Democratic party for its false pretences and destructive policy. It was one of the most enthusiastic conventions yet held in the county. The public has hopes by earnest effort to redeem old Moultrie in the near future

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

[illegible]

The total clearances of corn were 377 [illegible]

World's visible Wheat decreased [illegible] 000 Corn decrease [illegible] 000 Oats increased 21 000

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

BLUE MOUND

A P Hill and L T Clements attended the funeral of J Y Taylor at Madison Sunday

Professor How[illegible] Caldwell of Normal Ill organized a class of thirty four scholars in vocal music here Monday evening

Miss Cora Sprague was shopping in Decatur Tuesday

Jacob Kirk who has been confined to his house nearly a year from the effect of a stroke of paralysis is gradually failing and will hardly live through the summer

E F Clements went to Moody Wednesday on business

A goodly number of our people attended the show at Decatur Tuesday

[illegible]

ARGENTA NEWS

Mr and Mrs Dodd visited [illegible] Hoover near Macon on Monday

Mr Emmett Brown of Monticello visited with relatives here Sunday

Mr and Mrs S Coler [illegible]

John [illegible] of [illegible] is visiting relatives in this vicinity

Mr and Mrs W H Wikoff visited with Mr and Mrs Peter Wikoff at Macon on Tuesday

Calvin Shafer attending school at Lincoln university came home Monday ill with erysipelas

Will Adams' little daughter Elsie was badly [illegible] Monday. She was brought to [illegible] and had the wounds dressed [illegible]

A number of young people attended the meeting of the county [illegible] at Decatur Sunday

The foundation of [illegible] new house in the [illegible] addition is nearly completed. The house is expected to be ready for occupancy in June

A sister of Mrs Harvey Foley is visiting her from the southern part of the state

The M E church society will have a basket festival at their church Saturday night

Mr [illegible] living west of town has been seriously ill with erysipelas but is reported to be improving slightly

CALLAWAY

[illegible] from here attended the show at Decatur today

Mrs Sharp Mrs James Bynum and Miss Stable Bynum were shopping in [illegible] Monday

Mrs [illegible] visited her daughter Mrs [illegible] Sullivan Monday

[illegible]

Mrs Joseph Dickson has been quite sick for the last week

John [illegible] and family spent Sunday with friends in [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

MOUNT [illegible]

[illegible]

WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

Warm Weather and Rapidly Growing Crops Everywhere

WASHINGTON, May 8—The weekly crop report of the weather bureau issued yesterday gives details by states as follows:

Virginia—Tobacco plant setting begun growing crops improved

North Carolina—Drought still prevailing at many places

South Carolina—Crops greatly improved by showers and warm weather drought continues on coast

Georgia—Rain greatly needed planting has been completed

Florida—Crops need rain but are not suffering in west portion

Alabama—Corn about all planted and doing well

Mississippi—For land crops in good condition too dry for upland crops

Louisiana—Rain needed cotton planting practically completed

Texas—Cotton planting about completed and coming up well

Arkansas—Cotton planting nearly finished and the early planted coming up healthy and strong

Tennessee—Wheat oats and pastures improving rapidly corn planting about over tobacco plants scarce but healthy

Kentucky—All crops made rapid growth corn planting about completed much complaint of cut worms in Southern counties

Missouri—All crops greatly benefited by rain and warm weather

Illinois—Conditions extremely favorable corn planting progressing [illegible] some corn being [illegible] by [illegible] worms

Indiana—[illegible] growing [illegible] completed. Cut worms [illegible] have appeared

West Virginia—Good growing weather crops [illegible]

Ohio—[illegible] rain caused [illegible] progress [illegible] to [illegible] fruit promise [illegible]

Michigan—Weather conditions have caused rapid and strong growth of crops pastures in excellent condition fruits promise a heavy yield

Fell Into the Boiling Soap.

SHELBYVILLE Ill May 7—Emil Dowell the 5 year old son of Marion Dowell, of Cowden, fell into a kettle of boiling soap and was literally cooked alive. The child lived a few hours in great agony

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

County Judge

We are authorized to announce ANDREW M LAYTON as a candidate for County Judge subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] as a candidate for County Judge subject to the action of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] as a candidate for County Judge subject to the action of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM I HAMMER [illegible] candidate for County Judge subject to the action of the Republican convention

County Treasurer

We are authorized to announce CHARLES H [illegible] of Wheatland township as a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] WHITLEY of Oakley township as a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the action of the Republican convention

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM H [illegible] of [illegible] township as a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the decision of the Republican convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] as a candidate for County Treasurer subject to the action of the Republican county convention

County Clerk.

We are authorized to announce [illegible] HARDY as a candidate for County Clerk subject to the action of the Republican convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] HAYS as a candidate for County Clerk subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce [illegible] as a candidate for County Clerk subject to the action of the Republican county convention

County Sheriff

We are authorized to announce [illegible] NICHOLSON as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the action of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM [illegible] as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the action of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce JAMES [illegible] WELLS of [illegible] as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM M BALLARD as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

County Supt of Schools

We are authorized to announce W W [illegible] of Warrensburg as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools subject to the action of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce N M [illegible] as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools subject to the decision of the Republican county convention

We are authorized to announce JOHN C [illegible] as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools subject to the action of the Republican county convention

Pointers.

The Best and Cheapest stock of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats for Ladies, Misses and Children

The most attractive and by far the Cheapest stock of first class Dress Goods in this city

A magnificent stock, staples in Ginghams Challies, Pongees Percales, Prints Satines Etc, at Lower Prices than ever named

A small but very choice line of Ladies' Waists Ladies Wrappers and Children's Dresses at a price

Examination Solicited

S. G. Hatch & Bro.
151 East Main Street.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

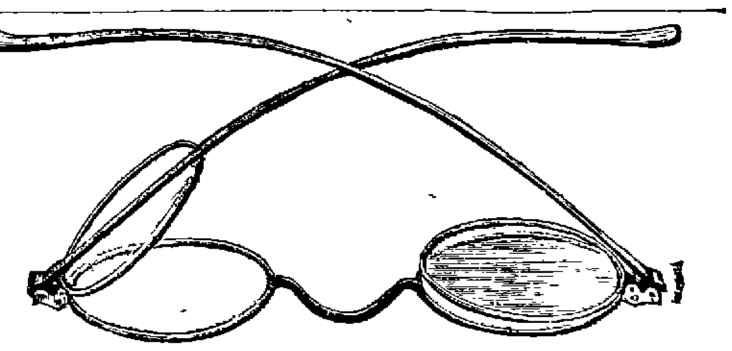
A SNAP—A splendid section of [illegible] very best land in Illinois [illegible] so that first crop will pay for same. Terms easy. For full information apply to John A Brown & Co over Abel's dry goods store may5d&w

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts [illegible] on [illegible] stocks [illegible] implements [illegible] All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Farms [illegible] and city business property [illegible] at [illegible] rates. Apply to A L SUMMERS No 11 North Water street over Abel's carpet house Decatur Ill July1 [illegible]

BEST thing in Decatur for the money [illegible] [illegible] built by the day [illegible] finish [illegible] and marble basin [illegible] with furnace also [illegible] perfect sewerage paved street [illegible] within three blocks of postoffice for $1600 [illegible] Call and examine plans and specifications [illegible] Apply to John A Brown over Abel's store my5d&w

EXCURSION TO IOWA On Tuesday May 8th and on Tuesday May [illegible] the Illinois Central R R will run excursions to all points on their line in Iowa west of and including Iowa Falls. One fare for the round trip. Go see and see the country. This excursion takes you to Storm Lake. For further reduced rates call upon or address G[illegible] A Fleming 110 S Water St Decatur Ill [illegible]d&w1w

Spectacles.

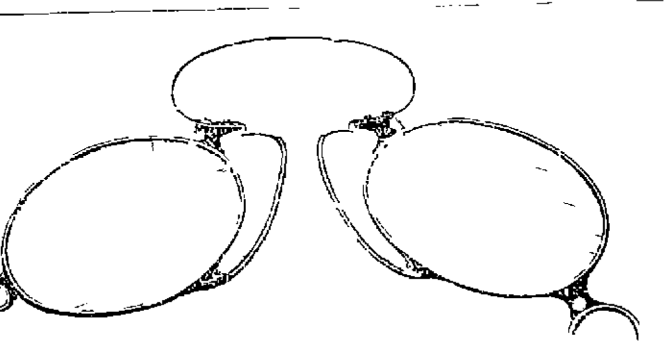


O.  C.

WELL, TRY IT,

(If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gas light [illegible] your eyes are failing no matter what [illegible] be remedied and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong [illegible] as possible. If they assist the vision [illegible] There is no danger [illegible] well as long as the print is not magnified. It should look natural size, but plain. Don't fail to call and have your eyes tested.)

By King's System, and fitted with Combination Perfected Spectacles. Pedlers cannot get them For Sale only by



We have greater success in the correct adjustment of Lenses, and can point to more SATISFIED CUSTOMERS to whom we have FITTED SPECTACLES than most firms in the West.

Over 25 years practical experience at such work counts for a great deal. Try us if you have trouble in getting fitted.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.

JEWELERS.

CARPETS, CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES.

It may be you contemplate buying a new Carpet Matting, Linoleum or Oil Cloth. Possibly you have a house to paper. You may be thinking of putting up Chenille or Lace Curtains

You Can Save

a handsome margin on all of these goods by purchasing of the Abel Carpet and Wall Paper Company. We open up two car loads this week and our prices—well think of it

All Wool Carpets,	48 Cents up
Mattings,	10 Cents and up
Union Ingrains,	15 Cents and up
Wall Paper	5 Cents and up
Window Shades,	10 Cents and up

At Abel's Carpet & Wall Paper Co.

THE "GEE WHIZZ."



Surface CULTIVATOR

You see it! You like it! You work it and you will praise it! We make it! Come and see it!

We also sell BUCKEYE BINDERS BUCKEYE MOWERS Binder Twine Spring Tooth Cultivators Shovel Cultivators, Tongueless Cultivators, Surface Cultivators Gopher Cultivators the Strobridge Endgate Seeders Disc Harrows Wagons Buggies Sulky Plows Check Rowers, Corn Planters Lever Harrows, Etc Etc

DO NOT FORGET THAT WE HAVE THE OVERLAPPING DISC.

You will Save Money by Purchasing your Implements of Us.

Implements of All Kinds at Wholesale and Retail.

F. B. TAIT & CO.,

328 E. CERRO GORDO ST., Decatur, Ill.

Ottenheimer & Co.

JUST RECEIVED:

200 Men's All Wool Cassimere and Cheviot Sack Suits, cut long, Bran New Suits, perfect fitting, sizes 34 to 42, in Light and Medium Shades,

At $10.

These Suits are really worth $15. Call and Inspect them.

Our Men's Suit Department,

COMPLETE.

CAN FIT ANY MAN.

Extra Size Suits.
Extra Long Suits.
Extra stout and fat suits.

The proper Shirts For Spring and Summer, 1894, can be had.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,

Reliable Clothes, Hats and Furnishings,

Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE.

Hard Times Prices.

We have determined to give the people some hard times prices, because they expect their money to buy a great deal We are in a position to

QUOTE LOW PRICES.

Because we have bought our stock for spot cash, have saved every discount, and in these times it is cash in the market that talks Witness some of our money saving hard times prices

Men's Vici Kid Bals, tip, single sole extra nice for spring and summer wear, bought to sell at $2 75 per pair and well worth the money

Our Hard Times Price on them is $1.98.

Men's Calf Bals in Congress, plain toe or tip single or double sole, all nice fresh goods, bought to sell at $2 50 and well worth the money, but

Our Hard Times Price on them is only $1.78 per pair.

We have a great lot of Ladies' Oxfords, vici kid made by Rochester and Brooklyn manufacturers, makers of high class work These shoes are in all sizes and widths from A to E These shoes were bought to sell at $2 25 per pair and they are truly worth the money but we will let you have all you want of them at the

Hard Times Price of $1.69 per pair.

We have a big lot of Mens Shoes, Pennis Shoes which we sell at 38c per pair, Boys and Ladies Tennis Shoes at 45c per pair Mens Working Shoes in buckle and lace cut wide from Milwaukee grain and kip, and all solid, at only $1 per pair

Boys' Tan Shoes in Great Variety.

Boys Kangola Calf Shoes very soft light and nice for spring and summer, at $1 58 per pair The same shoes for 5 months at $1 48 These prices are an index only We are making prices on shoes which we can afford to make in view of the fact that we bought for spot cash and have been able to take advantage of the hard times in buying We have determined to sell shoes generally for a less margin than has ever been known in the shoe trade Come and avail yourself of the advantages which we thus offer in giving you everything in the shoe line at lowest prices and giving you the very best of everything in the line of footwear

FRANK H. COLE SHOE CO.

B. F. BOBO, Manager.

118 EAST MAIN STREET.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
MACON COUNTY. }

In the County Court to the April term 1894

In the matter of the final report of Joseph B Hardy executor of the last will and testament of George P Hardy deceased

Application for final discharge from such executorship To the legatees under said will and all persons interested in said estate

You are hereby notified that I have filed on the 9th day of April 1894 my final report as executor of the last will and testament of George P Hardy deceased in the county court of Macon county Illinois, and have by said court been ordered to give notice to all persons interested that I will on the 8th day of May, 1894 at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as the matter can be disposed of by the court present the same for final adjudication to said court and ask to be discharged from said trust, at which time you may be present and take such action as you may deem best

JOSEPH B HARDY, Executor

April 20, 1894—w2w

RUPTURE



Permanently CURED OR NO PAY.

Written guarantee to absolutely cure all kinds of Rupture without operation or detention from business. Examination Free. We refer you to 5,000 patients. Call or write to-day or

O. E. MILLER CO.,

1106 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill

S. D. LOW, consulting physician, will be at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Decatur, Ill., on FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1894, for the benefit of all afflicted persons who may desire to see him.

RIOT AT SCOTTDALE.

A Bloody Battle at the Painter Coke Works

BETWEEN DEPUTIES AND STRIKERS

Two of the Defenders Probably Fatally Injured, and at Least a Score of the Rioters Shot Down with Winchesters.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., May 5.—A riot at the Painter works near Scottdale, resulted in the wounding of ten strikers and serious injury to Supt White and E B Roddy, the bookkeeper of the company White and Roddy were terribly beaten by the mob and both may die

The plant started up at 8 o'clock with about one-half of the complement of men Two hours later the strikers began to assemble near the works Some of the men became frightened and went home, but most of them remained

About 6 o'clock a committee was sent into the mine to request the men to come out, and upon their refusal, the mob, headed by a score or more of women, attacked the plant

Roddy, assisted by a dozen deputies, stood guard, and when the mob came up with a rush White fired point blank into their ranks A Hungarian woman fell with a bullet in her thigh

Maddened by this, the mob, which numbered a couple of hundred, closed in on the deputies, who driven into close quarters, and blinded by the shower of missiles, were unable to use their Winchesters

After emptying their revolvers they fled, and the mob surrounded White and Roddy A burly Hungarian attacked the latter with a hatchet, felling him to the ground and was about to deal the deathblow when James Tait knocked the Hungarian down with a club White was dragged into the engine house to escape the fury of the strikers. By this time the deputies rallied and three volleys were fired in quick succession, forcing the mob to retreat over the hill in utter rout

A number of strikers were carried from the battlefield, and it is believed they were killed Dr W H Cole, the company physician, states that fifteen strikers went down in the three charges These men and one woman were carried off the ground after the first charge, and when the mob finally retreated they bore away at least ten more Three of them were left near the works One of them was shot through the thigh, another through both legs, and the third had a bad wound in the groin

The affair has caused the most intense excitement here It is feared the foreigners will avenge the death of their countrymen and that this is but the beginning of riots in all parts of the region It would not be a surprise to the people here should the strikers resort to the use of dynamite to blow up the works

Supt White was taken to the Connellsville hospital and it is thought he will not survive Ewing Roddy was brought to this city and cared for The foreigners were carried to the adjoining houses and cared for by Drs Rogers and Fetters Sheriff Richards of Fayette county is upon the scene of the battle with forty men armed with Winchesters, and has already arrested four persons charged with being implicated in the riot

The Casualties Not so Numerous as Thought—Further Trouble Feared

SCOTTDALE, Pa., May 5.—Sanford White, the deputy sheriff who was so badly beaten during the riot at Painter's is at his home in Connellsville, and it is thought he is fatally injured E B Roddy the bookkeeper is not as seriously injured as was at first supposed and will be able to leave his home in a day or two It appears now that only three of the rioters were shot, two of them being arrested

The operators are still determined to start their works and the strikers are as determined to prevent them if possible The district officials have received no reply from the operators to whom they sent letters inviting them to meet this morning at 10 o'clock, and the indications are that there will be no conference

The operators now claim that twenty-four of the plants made idle by the strikers will be started, but the labor leaders claim that the strike remains practically solid from Fan Chance to Mount Pleasant Those who have returned to work are nearly all English speaking men, and this fact further enrages the foreign element, who are determined to remain out to the end Late last night it was reported that Blainey's men at Moyer had decided to quit work There will likely be trouble at this and other plants to day

AN ALARMING SITUATION.

Striking Cokers Assembling Bent Upon Mischief—The Excitement Intense

CONNELLSVILLE Pa., May 4.—The situation is very alarming in this section of the coke region to night Mobs are assembling in the Vanderbilt region and at the Moyer plant, preparing for an attack to morrow morning The formidable display of deputies in those sections last night frightened the strikers and they concluded to wait a more favorable opportunity To-night they sounded the tocsin for the reassembling of the mob, and the strikers are gathered at the points agreed upon The companies have armed a large force of men and are fully prepared to repel the attack

The Dunbar Furnace Co will attempt to fire up Hill Farm plant to-morrow morning Their stock of coke is exhausted and the works must be fired up or the furnace banked A large force of armed men will go to the works at midnight The workmen will go to work at 3 o'clock in the morning but no trouble is expected before 5 or 6 o'clock.

The Dunbar strikers have been the most determined in resisting the attempts of the operators and are sure to make an attack if Hill Farm is fired up

The Painter riot has stirred up the foreign elements. The Huns and Slavs are maddened at the slaughter of their countrymen and have become bloodthirsty They have resolved upon revenge. One of the leaders admitted this evening that the most bloody scenes of the strike are yet to come The excitement is almost as intense as that which followed upon the death of Paddock.

ON HIS OWN RESOURCES.

Gen. Kelly Must Now Look Out for His Army Without Assistance.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 5.—Gen. Kelly is now upon his own resources, but he does not appear to be discouraged. On the contrary, he looked particularly bright and contented yesterday afternoon. The executive council had a meeting and decided that they had no authority to use public money to help out the Kelly army in any way

Gov. Jackson closed his efforts to secure reduced rates over some railroad for the industrials, and Private-Secretary Richards informed Chairman Lowry of the decisions of the governor and the council Chairman Lowry called his committee together and a tearful consultation was held It was decided to close up the headquarters this morning, and Gen Weaver and J R Sovereign were detailed to carry the news to Kelly at the camp

Gen Kelly witnessed a ball game in the afternoon between his team and the High school nine in which the students were victorious

Soon after the general had pocketed his share of the gate receipts which were not large enough to materially enrich him, he received information of what had been done in his case by the authorities He expressed himself as satisfied to accept the situation and the belief that the people of Des Moines will treat the army with greater liberality, now that their contributions are to be made direct

Gen Kelly said that the army would be allowed to decide whether to take up the march here or wait for a train. He rather favored waiting

Asked if the men would march if ordered to do so, he replied

'Eight hundred of them will go where I go, on foot or any other way I cannot vouch for the other 600"

The men generally declare that they do not want to walk, and some say they will not The building they are in suits them and they are not afraid of starving

It looks as if the army will go to pieces right here, the men dropping out in squads and beating their way through the country Gen Kelly is a good manager of men, but to keep this army waiting for a train which their good sense tells them can never come, with the food supply continually running short, would require superhuman skill

Gen Kelly was very much gratified by the following, contained in a letter from Mayor George P Bemis of Omaha "Do not be discouraged by the attempts to distupt your forces Persevere in your noble mission for the advancement of the millions of wage earners throughout the nation and the world, and may success attend you The eyes of the nation are upon you and wish you God speed"

GEN. RANDALL'S ARMY

Receive a Hearty Welcome at Hobart, Ind—Arrest of a Saloonkeeper

HOBART, Ind., May 5.—Gen Randall's Commonweal army reached this town yesterday afternoon, and went into camp at Melin's brickyard, on the banks of the Deep river The general preceded the aggregation, accompanied by an orderly, arriving at 8 30 yesterday morning He was met by an old friend, Dr Allen, a dentist, to whose residence the commander was taken Dr Allen is a sympathizer with the Commonweal movement, and gave the Commonweal leader a good breakfast The people of the town collected 800, 500 loaves of bread, 500 pounds of meat and a bountiful supply of coffee, which was held in readiness for the army

At 3 o'clock the rank and file marched into town, and after pitching camp pickets were established

Subsequent to an hour's wait the commissary doled out the rations provided The afternoon was spent in a quiet manner many of the men bathing and fishing The men are housed in the tile sheds and are safe from the effects of inclement weather

Last night Gen Randall addressed an audience of 600 from the steps of the Hobart house To-day, about 9 o'clock, the march will be resumed to Flint lake

A committee of citizens from Calparquiso came to Hobart yesterday afternoon and presented the ultimatum of that town, which was next on the line of March The army will reach La Porte next Tuesday

Jeff Trievess, a saloonkeeper was arrested last night while attempting to sell liquor to the members inside the city limits Trievess resisted arrest, and drew a revolver, but was promptly knocked down and taken to jail, bail being denied

Outwitted by an Engineer.

TACOMA, Wash., May 5.—The Coxeyites who boarded the Northern Pacific train Thursday night, were outwitted by the engineer who sidetracked the train at Palmer in the mountains and took the engine back to South Prairie No freight trains were sent out yesterday. Yesterday afternoon forty of the men boarded the local east-bound passenger train at the station but offered no resistance when deputy marshals drove them out

The Triple Alliance a Pacific Compact.

ROME May 5.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday Premier Crispi, in replying to the attacks made by the radicals upon the triple alliance vigorously defended that compact on the ground that its purposes and effect were absolutely pacific He declared that a war between Italy and France would virtually be a civil war, and that such a conflict would be madness The foreign policy of the government, as outlined in the budget was then approved by the chamber

Sensational News Expected from Hawaii

SAN FRANCISCO May 5.—An evening paper prints a statement to the effect that sensational news may be expected by the steamer Australia, due from Honolulu to day private letters having been received by the last steamer indicating trouble owing to a split in the government party

Prospects Good

William Ellis to day stated to a reporter that he had visited every township in the county, and he never found the country look better He says the wheat is in fine shape, and that farmers are all planting and nearly all are done plowing. Late fruit is in splendid shape, and a large crop of berries and grapes will be gathered

An outbreak of typhoid in the county of Chester, England, has been traced to the use of water from the River Mersey Like that of our own Stygian stream, the quality of Mersey is not strained.

KENTUCKY'S SHAME.

A Warm Welcome Extended to Congressman Breckinridge

UPON HIS ARRIVAL AT LEXINGTON.

The Women of the City, However, Issue a Protest Against His Renomination, in the Interest of Peace and Progress.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 5.—Col W C P Breckinridge arrived here on the 6 10 Chesapeake & Ohio train last evening A large crowd met him The greater number of them were his supporters His son, Desha, was the first man to shake hands with him as he alighted from the train His admirers then crowded around him so rapidly that his progress was stopped, and he had to shake hands with at least 300 stalwart Kentuckians Mr Breckinridge said he was feeling unusually well, but that Mrs Breckinridge had remained in Washington on account of a slight indisposition.

'I will speak here to-morrow afternoon,' said he, 'and at Paris next Monday I have no further plans I will consult several of my friends here to-night and we may decide on something additional Yes, I am well pleased with the warm reception I received here this evening That is all I can say to-night"

The women of Lexington will be out this morning with the following

To the Voters of the Democratic Party

The women of Lexington and Ashland this their protest against the renomination of W C P Breckinridge for Congress As you are the voters we trust you will refuse to return him as your representative By doing so you will best observe the peace and progress of human society which from every quarter calls for this right and holy action

[Signed] THE WOMEN OF LEXINGTON

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

The Miners Along the Mesaba Range Only Kept from Violence by the Presence of Troops

VIRGINIA, Minn., May 4.—The situation is still critical along the Mesaba range, but the miners have kept themselves in the background to-day in the face of state troops and St Louis county deputies The one exciting event of the day was the departure of thirty miners, armed with rifles and shotguns, for Mountain Iron for the purpose of preventing the opening of the mines there A telegram from that point to-night says they were successful in this

A company of state militia will go to that point to-morrow morning

The men at the Olive mine and Drake & Stratton's went to work under protection this morning and have not been molested The strikers are ugly and are restless and nervous They are mostly Finlanders and a desperate set If they start a fight it will be a bloody one Sheriff Sharvey has telegraphed Duluth for fifty more deputies

The miners have threatened to blow up the militia with dynamite during the night, but Capt Bidwell has out such a strong picket line that it will be impossible for the strikers to reach the main body of the men

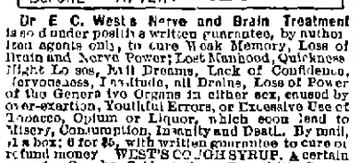
The Franklin mine men say they will organize as soon as the troops leave and shut down all the Mesaba region mines again unless their demand for $1 50 a day is granted

Do Not Want to Strike

BRAINERD, Minn., May 4.—There is no strike in this locality There was some talk of the Virginia strikers coming over here to force the Canton miners to quit, but they have not appeared Although the wages are small the Canton miners do not want to strike

Trouble Expected.

MOUNTAIN IRON Minn., May 4.—It is quiet here to-night but trouble is expected to morrow unless Sheriff Sharvey and Adjt-Gen Muehlberg hurry forward their troops and deputies



Dr E C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Lost Manhood, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which soon lead to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, 1 a box; 6 for $5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money WEST'S COUGH SYRUP, A certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup Whooping Cough, Sore Throat. Pleasant to take Small size discontinued; old, 50c. size, now 25c., old $1 size now 50c GUARANTEES issued only by

A. J. BLAINE Druggist, 229 North Water street Decatur Ill may15-d&w1yr

WEST'S LIVER PILLS Positively Cures Liver Complaint Dyspepsia Sick Headache and Indigestion 25 Cents All druggists

FARMS FOR SALE.

We have for sale improved farms in Illinois in the same latitude as Richmond and Petersburg Virginia and Lexington Winchester and Danville Kentucky with a climate just as mild and pleasant A soil of great fertility producing to perfection grains and grasses of the various kinds including corn wheat oats blue grass clover timothy etc.

As a fruit and vegetable country it has no equal The sales of these products from small farms equaling the sales from large farms in central and northern Illinois

It is unexcelled as a live stock country the abundant grasses furnishing rich pasturage nearly the year round Live stock can generally live in good condition from about the first of March until about Christmas

The variety of products much greater and crops more certain than in central and northern Illinois

We will show on the farms for sale by us growing corn in season 5 to 12 feet high on as rich land as can be found in Illinois or refund railroad fare

The price of one acre in central and northern Illinois will buy from two to five acres in this country and more of unimproved land

A few hours time and a few dollars in money are sufficient to enable you to reach this country Land seekers tickets at one half rate over the Illinois Central Railroad will be furnished you by writing P. Sharpe Land Comr. Illinois Central Railroad Chicago or by applying to agents of that company or to us a few days before desiring to start

Railroad fare will be refunded to those who purchase lands

These lands will produce much more in value per acre than lands elsewhere held much higher and it is only a question of a short time when these lands will advance greatly in price and be considered the most valuable in the state

Carbondale and Murphysboro Illinois are in the center of this rich country Here our offices are located and good facilities furnished for looking at lands

Here is the center of the famous Big Muddy coal field with a vein six to nine feet thick—the best coal by far in Illinois or west of the Hocking Valley in Ohio

The Illinois Central Railroad Company has a large area of rich lands in this country for sale on long time and on the most favorable terms

Please write us at Carbondale, Illinois for full particulars about farms and lands, etc

Round trip rates from Decatur to Carbondale and return, $4 50

GLENN GOODYEAR & CO.

$1.50.

$1.25.

$1.25.

White Trimmed, $3.00.

$1.25.

$1.75.

$2.00.

Men's Fine Welt Congress $2.00.

$1.00.

Men's Fine Shoes $1..50

75c.

Ladies' Congress, $2.50.

Men's Fine Pat. Leather, $3.00.

$1.50.

Ladies' Kid Button, $2.50.

Kid, Cloth Top, $1.25.

Black Ooze, $2.00.

$1.50.

$1.00.

$2.00.

$2.00.

Ladies' Kid Button, $1.25.

FINE KID BUTTON, $2.00.

Men's $4.00 Tans Reduced to $2.50.

—AT—

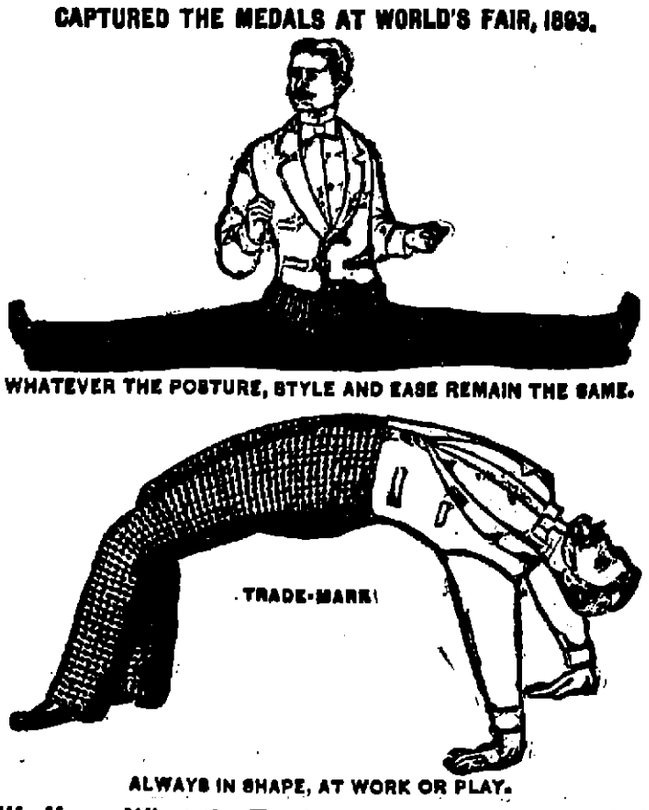
POWERS'

Shoe Store.

FROM THE SHEEP TO THE MAN.

Dutchess Trousers

CAPTURED THE MEDALS AT WORLD'S FAIR, 1893.



WHATEVER THE POSTURE, STYLE AND EASE REMAIN THE SAME.



ALWAYS IN SHAPE, AT WORK OR PLAY.

We Know What the Trade Demands and We Meet It.

THE MANUFACTURERS AUTHORIZE US TO GIVE WITH EVERY PAIR SOLD THIS UNHEARD-OF

WARRANTY.

You may buy a pair of Dutchess Wool Trousers at

$2, 2.50, 3, 3.50 or 4,

And wear them two months. For every SUSPENDER BUTTON that COMES OFF, WE will PAY you TEN CENTS. If they rip at the WAISTBAND WE will PAY you FIFTY CENTS. If they rip in the SEAT or elsewhere, WE will PAY you ONE DOLLAR or GIVE YOU A NEW PAIR.

BEST IN THE WORLD. TRY A PAIR.

——SOLE AGENTS——

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

DECATUR, ILL.

75 FOR 25

100

STERLING SILVER HATPINS

At 25c Each,

Worth 75 Cents.

Call Early as the Number is Limited.

Sent by Mail, Postage Paid, on receipt of Price.

W. R. Abbott & Co.

Jewelers.

What

Shall you do to save your ducats, is the subject for debate.

Buy your Children's Clothing,
Buy your Boys' Clothing,
Buy your Men's Clothing,
Buy your Hats, Caps and Furnishings

—OF—

The People's Clothier.

Admission Free, and Bargains Distributed without reserve. It makes no difference as to your creed, or what your destination is at the PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER.

Merchant Tailoring Added.

WILL NOONAN, Cutter.

C. J. BRYAN,

The People's Clothier,

Old Post Office Stand.

Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1894.

LOCAL NEWS.

"Alvin Joslin" and his big diamonds are in the city.

The assessors say that all of the dogs appear to have gone visiting.

Call at Dr. Hoskins' new dental office in Grand opera house block, ground floor. jan3-d&wtf

On Memorial Day Rev. J. A. F. King will deliver the address for the Grand Army Post at Bethany.

Go to the Spencer & Lehman company for wood pumps, iron pumps, force pumps and pump repairs. feb6-d&wtf

Tom D. Cairns, formerly of Decatur, is engaged in compiling a new city directory for Tuscola.

John Deere Walking Plows are the best in the world—at Spencer & Lehman's. feb8-w4m

The saloon license at Monticello has been fixed at $1,500 a year, payable in advance.

Creates health, creates strength, creates vigor; DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It recommends itself. C. H. Dawson.

Thomas H. Stokes has been named for postmaster at Lincoln, and J. H. Davidson at Farmer City.

Attorney D. D. Hill loans money on farms at 6 per cent interest. Office over Millikin bank, Decatur Ill. feb-22wtf

To-day Dr. J. L. Wilcox, of Springfield, the Internal Revenue Collector, is at Duntown to put the new distillery in place.

The new Fawn, Deere, Disc and Surface Cultivators sold by Spencer & Lehman are great improvements over old styles. Every farmer should see them. 18-w4m

The operetta, "Genevieve," is to be produced at the Grand the latter part of May by the school children of the public schools, under the direction of Prof. Westhoff.

Farmers please call on Spencer & Lehman's and see their new Gazelle Gang. It is a beauty and the most perfect going made. feb8-w4m

This year Misses Mame Bodman and Grace Bennett were the only graduates of the Bement High School. Prof. J. M. Martin has been retained as principal with increased salary.

Let us remind you that now is the time to take DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It will do you good. It recommends itself. C. H. Dawson.

A recount of the vote cast at Warrensburg shows that Martin Albert was elected president of the village board over William Beall, and that W. E. Majore was elected police magistrate over Mr. Nieman.

The board of education at Bethany has engaged the following teachers for the coming winter: Principal, J. T. Knox; grammar, L. T. Butt; intermediate, Miss Mills, of Decatur; primary, Miss Alice Tuberty.

Dr. T. S. Hoskins, the veteran dentist is now in his new office, ground floor, in Grand Opera House Block, South Water street, ready for business. Improved appliances; satisfaction guaranteed. jan3-d&wtf

Otto Gumper, lately a prisoner in the Decatur jail, is now in the Springfield prison. He has made a kick in the Springfield papers about the condition of the jail. He has had experience. It is evident that he considers the Decatur jail a palace.

The Peoria, Decatur and Evansville Railroad has asked the State Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners to remove the "slow order" from that portion of their road between the I. C. junction and Hervey City upon the statement that the track has been put in first-class condition.

A colored camp-meeting will be held at Oakland Park for ten days, beginning May 24th. It will be in charge of Rev. James Thomas as manager, who is an evangelist from the south, and Rev. Hardin Smith, pastor of the Antioch Baptist church on Spring Avenue.

H. W. Allen, a well known Rockford salesman, thinks that he will swap jobs with his wife. A few days ago he threw his shoulder out of joint and his wife took his sample case and made a trip to several places on his route, and took more orders in one day than he ever took in the same time.

Sunday, May 13th, there will be two township Sunday school conventions. One of them will be held in the Baptist church at Oreana, beginning at 9:30 a. m., and the other will be held in Blue Mound township under direction of J. H. Sleeter. H. C. Bower will have charge at the Oreana convention.

The commencement exercises of the graduating class from the graded High School at Mowcaqua has been set for May 18. This is the first class that has ever graduated at Mowcaqua and their names are as follows: Sue B. Rice, Edna L. Day, Rosella M. Thomas, Jennie McKay, Mabel C. Snyder, Thomas I. Ahl and James L. Sparling.

The widow of Dr. Jayne, the millionaire patent medicine man, allowed her sister to die in the poor house in Philadelphia few days since, and would not contribute a penny for burial expenses; and had it not been for sympathizing friends of the deceased, the body would have been buried in the potter's field. Mrs. Jayne is surrounded by luxury, but before Jayne married her she worked in the medicine factory for $12 a week.

The Bloomington *Pantagraph* publishes a letter written by the late Elder Hiram Buck in 1836. At that time he was surveyor of McLean county and was also a farmer. He speaks in the letter of the advancing price of land, his own being worth $11. That was during the boom, but only a year later came its collapse and the exceedingly hard times of '37. Mr. Buck speaks in the letter of

TOOK TOO MUCH MORPHINE.

The Life of Mrs. Jennie Hunter in Danger for a Short Time.

From Saturday's Daily.

Last evening Mrs. Jennie Covington Hunter, who has been managing the Merchants' Hotel in the old opera house block for nearly a year for Mr. Scott, was dangerously ill for several hours, and there were wild rumors afloat that there had been an attempt at suicide by the morphine route. Mrs. Hunter had been suffering with a headache and stomach trouble which caused intense pain. She sent to her physician for morphine to give relief, and five grains were sent her with instructions to take one grain at a time. The messenger failed to give the instructions and Mrs. Hunter took the five grains at once. An hour later the chambermaid found Mrs. Hunter in a comatose state. Her condition excited alarm and Dr. Spalding was hastily summoned to the hotel. He treated the case successfully and to-day Mrs. Hunter is resting as comfortably as could be expected. She will be up and around again in a few days. She denies any purpose to take her own life, and protests that she had no reason to do violence to herself in any way.

Mrs. Hunter is 23 years of age and is a blonde with brown eyes. She has a daughter eight years of age. When she was 14 years of age and while she was attending the Catholic convent at Springfield, she married Charles C. Hunter, who is now in Chicago, connected with one of the offices of the Elevated Railroad Company. Her father is S. A. Covington, an architect, of Springfield.

Mrs. Hunter will retire from the management of the hotel on Monday, when Mr. Masterson, late of Latham, will take charge.

SUIT FOR $10,000.

John Boyde Wants N. W. Tohill to Fork Over Damages.

In the circuit court to-day Attorney I. D. Walker for the plaintiff filed a declaration in the case of John Boyde vs. N. W. Tohill, of Long Creek township, demanding damages in the sum of $10,000 for false imprisonment and malicious prosecution. The suit grows out of the burning of a big barn and other property belonging to Mr. Tohill. In the bill are two counts for malicious prosecution and one for false imprisonment. It is set forth in the declaration that in June, 1892, the defendant, Tohill and his wife, Rebecca, went before the grand jury and had Boyde indicted "without any reasonable and probable cause," for burning the Tohill barn and straw stack. Boyde was arrested and kept in the county jail for 15 months, being taken to the prison through the streets against his will or wish, being kept there so that he could not attend to his business. At the trial in the circuit court Boyde was discharged, and it will be recalled that he was discharged without being called upon to introduce any evidence in his own behalf.

Now Mr. Boyde wants Mr. Tohill to pay him $10,000 damages. The case promises to excite considerable interest in the city and country.

THEY ARE SOON TO WED.

Approaching Marriage of Dr. J. D. Moore of Decatur and Miss Gertrude Magill of Clinton.

Bloomington *Pantagraph:* There are pleasant rumors abroad that Miss Gertrude Magill, of Clinton, a young lady who has hosts of friends in this city, is soon to become a bride. The happy man is Mr. J. D. Moore, of Decatur. He is one of the leading dentists in Decatur and is quite popular in society circles. He is 24 years of age, is a son of Mr. S. W. Moore, of Assumption, Ill., and a member of the Decatur Masonic and Knights of Pythius societies. The report is out that the marriage is to occur in June, but it is understood that the interesting event will not take place until some time in the fall. Miss Magill is a sister of Mr. Harry Magill, the mayor of Clinton.

W. W. Kyle for Superintendent.

Elsewhere in this paper will be found the announcement of W. W. Kyle, of Warrensburg, for county superintendent of schools, subject to the action of the Republican county convention. Mr. Kyle is a first class citizen and enjoys the confidence of all who know him. He has resided in the county for 17 years and during all that time has been identified with the school work of the county. He has been a hard worker and is one of the originators and promoters of the plan for grading the country schools. He has been a teacher for 18 years and has been principal of the Niantic, Harristown, Maroa and Warrensburg schools. He was a candidate for the same place he now seeks eight years ago, and had the support of a majority of the delegates from the country townships. Mr. Evans at that time was nominated, Mr. Kyle asks the coming convention to consider his claims. If nominated he will be elected.

Another for Judge.

Mr. Andrew M. Taylor is announced to-day as a candidate for the Republican nomination for county judge, for which position he posesses excellent qualifications. Mr. Taylor is a native of DeWitt county, and has been a practicing lawyer in Decatur for three years. He graduated six years ago from the law department of the Illinois Wesleyan University. Mr. Taylor is a young man of energy and goes vigorously into the preliminary battle hoping for success. If nominated he will make a hot canvass before the people and will be elected.

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your blood is thick and sluggish; if your appetite is capricious and uncertain. You need a Sarsaparilla. For best results take DeWitt's. It recommends itself

BETTER COMMON SCHOOLS.

A GOOD SCHOOL IS A GOOD TEACHER.

Where to Direct Effort for That End—The Right Way Overlooked—Teaching Needs Training—Like Practice of Medicine—What Illinois Chiefly Lacks.

Judging from the numerous articles which have recently appeared in the large daily and monthly reviews, we are inclined to believe there is something radically wrong in our system of public education; not only the matter of instruction is censured, but also the manner of imparting it.

Numerous also are the means proposed by teachers and laymen for the reform of these evils. Some find fault with our courses of study, while others contend that they are crowded and too many branches are introduced into them; and others propose to shorten and enrich them, i. e., to increase the number of studies. There are yet others who contend that the schools do not prepare for life, and that, to accomplish this latter end, manual training should become a part of the curriculum. Not a few, especially among the farming population, find fault with the text books used in the schools and their exorbitant price; for this, free text books and the manufacture, or at least selection of books by the state, is prescribed as a panacea. And so on, ad infinitum.

While some of these suggestions, when offered in good faith, contain an element of truth, the principal reason why the instruction in our elementary schools is not of the best kind, is overlooked. Who is to carry all these reforms into effect? The teachers such as they are now? In all civilized countries having a system of public education, provision is made for the education of teachers. Teaching, especially teaching in elementary schools, is an art for which those who wish to practice it should be carefully and assiduously prepared. A mere knowledge of the branches of instruction and the principles of education does not make the teacher, more than the hearing of lectures and the study of medical works alone will make the physician. The general belief of the people is, however, that when a man has learned something, he is also at once capable of communicating it to others. But teaching is not the mere communication of knowledge. Teaching, as the adepts understand it now, means the arousing the child's whole being; of causing him to thirst for knowledge, to try and find out for himself whatever there is to be known; not to lay the matter before him and allow him to pick up and commit to memory facts already established by others. Education means growth, and the child is to grow into the educated state of manhood or womanhood, not to have thrown upon and around him the matter of culture.

In some states of the Union slight attempts have been made toward the education of teachers in normal schools. In this respect some of the newer states are far ahead of the older ones. Ohio, for instance, has made no state provision for the education of teachers, while Wisconsin has five, (two more in progress of erection), Minnesota six, Missouri five and Illinois two normal schools. That this number for the last named state is totally inadequate for the 23,000 teachers who annually teach in its schools is evident. (The kingdom of Saxony, having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, has 19 state normal schools; the kingdom of Wurtemberg, with less than 2,000,000 inhabitants, six state normal schools, besides a number of private institutions for the education of teachers.) The number of graduates of these two institutions in Illinois is from 60 to 70 annually. The normal universities are situated, one near Bloomington, the other in the extreme southern portion of the state at Carbondale. The northern part of the state has no state school for the education of teachers. Indiana and Michigan each have but one normal school, visited by from 1,200 to 1,500 students annually. As a rule each institution draws its students from the surrounding counties and is, in its effect, not to be compared to a sun, but to a moon, that loses its light, its beneficial influence, at a greater distance.

For several years past the northern part of Illinois has made an effort to obtain a state normal school by appealing to the legislature for an appropriation to this end, but without success. Guided by the conviction that not brick, but brains are most potent in education, the petitioners did not ask for a quarter million to erect a palatial edifice, but the modest sum of $75,000 with which to build and equip such school and maintain it during the first year of its existence. Another effort will be made at the next session of the legislature. Shall it meet with no better success than formerly?

To lay this request before the whole people and to gain their support in this enterprise is a duty which educators especially owe to the state.

State Convention.

From Friday's Daily.

There are 800 delegates in attendance at the State Prohibition convention in session at Bloomington. There are a number of ladies among the visitors, but the members of the fair sex are not so numerous as usual at Prohibition conventions. The Crawford law is the cause of it, it having been interpreted to exclude women from nominating conventions. It seems, however, that the law may not after all exclude the women and that their presence may be enjoyed in conventions that are to come. Hale Johnson, of Newton, was the temporary chairman, and Hon. H. B. Kepley, of Effingham, was elected permanent chairman. The resolution offered to nominate a U. S. senator was tabled. The convention will nominate a state ticket and may also name a senator.

The State Prohibition Ticket.

The Illinois Prohibitionists in convention at Bloomington Friday named this ticket:

For United States Senator—Dr. J. G. Evans, Abingdon.

For State Treasurer—H. J. Puterbaugh, Mackinaw.

For Supt. Public Instruction—Rev. N. T. Edwards, Kewanee.

For Trustees State University—Mrs. Rena Michails Atchison, Chicago; Mrs. A. E. Tanford, Bloomington; and Chas. H. Merritt, Mason City.

Fort Daniel School.

The following named pupils have neither been tardy nor absent during the month of April: Zella Maden, Lizzie Maden, Edna Beck, Samuel Cooper, Hulda Rider, Willie Beck, Orville Beck, Charlie Beck, Myrtle Cooper, Clevie Whittaker.

Maggie Haldeman, Teacher.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

COMMENCEMENT NEWS.

June 15 Will Be Graduation Day in Decatur—At Maroa.

Maroa people were out in full force Thursday night at the opera house to witness the graduating exercises of the public schools of that city. This order of exercises was observed:

Class Song.....Step by Step
Invocation.....Rev. S. B. Read
Music.....Clinton Orchestra
Salutatory.....Lillian E. Swain
Essay—Beauty of the Hour.....Wm. R. Biddell
Essay—Literature as a Means of Culture.....Jennie Ford
Music.....
Essay—Beginning Empty Handed.....Raymond Bowden
Essay—The Dress is Not the Man.....Kate L. Meacham
Essay—Be Sure You Are Right.....George S. Cox
Music.....
Essay—True Merit Wins.....Nina J. Nesbitt
Essay—The Value of Five Minutes.....Henry K. Hooker
Essay—Paddle Your Own Canoe.....Lottie Smart
Music.....
Essay—A Time for Moral and Intellectual Culture.....Charles J. Jones
Essay—The Man in the Moon.....Jean Smelz
Essay—Character.....Harry Stockenborough
Music.....
Essay—Honest Labor Bears a Lovely Face.....Lelah Smith
Essay—If.....May Wysong
Essay—The Night Brings Out the Stars.....Mae L. Swain
Music.....
Essay—Better Late Than Never.....Will Boeil
Oration and Valedictory—Labor Has Its Sure Reward.....Viola Fay Covault

DECATUR GRADUATES.

Commencement will occur at the opera house on Friday, June 15. There are 49 graduates in the Decatur High School class, as follows:

Misses Carrie A. Record, Georgia Elliott, Jessie A. Montgomery, Fannie A. Bivans, Eva M. Dunham, Byrd A. Dinges, Laura Shaffer, Sallie Shaffer, Edna M. Hendricks, Jennie W. Baldridge, Jessie Leforgee, Ada M. Hoehn, Ella M. Buckert, Amy A. Huffman, Lula M. Beall, Mabel A. Wayne, Florence L. Lyon, Hattie Childs, Elizabeth Condell, Donna E. May, Pauline Johnson, Marguerite Chandler, Maude M. Stoy, Annie R. Cloyd, Louise A. Gastman, Nellie G. Pratt, Lida A. Sawyer, Rosa Voelcker, Lottie E. Hawes, Ida J. Lewis, Edith E. Beamer, Violet Bourne and Ernest B. Lytle, Leonard M. Mitchell, Warren T. Durfee, Byron E. Bramble, Fred C. Depew, James F. Hall, Wilber Corman, Fred R. Cassell, Fred Schroll, Thomas W. Pitner, Archie T. Davis, Ralph O. Conklin, Roy R. Wilson, William Fitzpatrick, Max C. Ruehl, William Buchanan, Charles M. Auer.

Fannie Bevans will represent the faculty, and Wilber Corman has been chosen to represent the class at the exercises. Prof. John W. Cook will deliver the class day address.

SUIT FOR LIBEL.

Mrs. Amelia Scott Claims $5,000 Damages Against the Review.

Attorneys James Whitley and W. B. Woodford, counsel for Mrs. Amelia Scott, to-day filed a precipe for summons in a libel suit for $5,000 damages against the *Review* Publishing Company. C. C. LeForgee, the attorney for the newspaper, is at present out of the city. The item on which this suit is based appeared in the *Review* on the morning of April 12, 1894, and charges a colored lady on East Leafland avenue with the theft of coal from the coal house of C. P. Friis. The attorneys for the plaintiff claim a very strong case against the paper as the law is very plain in relation to a libel suit. They say that the colored lady mentioned in the article is one Mrs. Amelia Scott, she being the only colored lady living in that neighborhood on the Sunday that they state the theft of coal was made, and for 18 months previous. They also state that Mr. Friis knows nothing of the affair.

Township S. S. Convention.

On Sunday, May 13th, the Sunday Schools of Whitmore township will hold a convention in the Baptist church at Oreana. The program will be as follows, beginning at 9:30 a. m.:

Instrumental Music.....
Song.....By All
Scripture Reading.
Prayer.
Song.....By All
Report of Township Secretary.
Song.....By Children
The Sunday School—Its Work and Worth.....Led by Dr. McBride
Song.....By All
Address to Children.....Rev. Jordan
Song.....By All
Knowing and Teaching.....J. Scott
Song.....By All
Adjourn for dinner.
AFTERNOON—2:30.
Instrumental Music.
Song.....By All
Prayer.
Song.....By All
The Great Teacher and His Methods.....Led by E. W. Slater
Song.....By Children
Duties of Officers and Teachers of the Sunday School.....Led by F. J. Parr
Song.....By All
Report from Secretaries of different Schools
Election of Officers.
Song.....By All
Adjourn.

Death of Dr. Pollock.

From Saturday's Daily.

C. A. Pollock, local agent for the Wabash, to-day received the sad news of the death of his father, Dr. Alexander Pollock, this morning at 10 o'clock at his home in Danville, Ill. The venerable gentleman was 65 years of age and has been suffering for some time with erysipelas. Mr. Pollock left at once for Danville to attend the obsequies.

Insane.

In the county court to-day Charles Friendt, aged 33 years, having a wife and three children, was adjudged insane by Dr. J. G. Harvey, D. L. Hughes, F. J. Smith, M. L. Sanders, J. D. Seiberling, and D. Brintlinger. Intemperate use of intoxicating liquor is assigned as the cause of insanity.

Business and Shorthand Course.

Brown's Decatur Business College offers excellent advantages for the summer term. Students now enrolling. Special rates till June 1st. Call or write for information. may5-d&1w

At a meeting of Philadelphia citizens, the mayor presiding, it was voted that the council be asked to appropriate $10,000 with which to make a preliminary survey for a canal between Philadelphia and New York.

UNION ENDEAVOR MEETING.

New Officers Elected—Address by State Secretary Stewart.

From Saturday's Daily.

Last evening in the presence of a large audience the annual meeting of the Decatur Christian Endeavor was held at the Presbyterian church. These officers were elected:

President—D. A. Strader of First Methodist.

Vice-President—Hugh Bone of Presbyterian.

Secretary—Miss Mabel Wilson of Baptist.

Treasurer—C. M. Lane of Christian.

The position of president had been tendered Elmer Towl, but he declined to accept. It is possible that Mr. Strader may refuse to serve another year. Miss Abbie Pratt read the treasurer's report, showing the receipts to have been $98; expenditures, $91; balance on hand, $7.

At the opening of the meeting there was singing and a prayer by Rev. A. W. Hawkins.

Mr. O. W. Stewart, of Eureka, state secretary of the Illinois Christian Endeavor Society, was introduced. He delivered an address on "Christian Citizenship," in the course of which he discussed purity in politics, advising all christian people to take an interest in political affairs and do what they can to have good men put on tickets and bad men relegated to the rear. The saloon influence in politics was given considerable attention. The speaker declared that a saloon-keeper ought to be disqualified from holding office. The saloon interest rules Chicago.

Secretary Stewart urged that all Endeavorers should take and read the Endeavor paper. He announced a new plan for the excursion to the International convention to be held at Cleveland. It had been arranged to have all from Illinois go by way of Chicago. It has been decided to have three trains from the state. One train will leave Decatur, another will leave Peoria, and another will leave St. Louis, all going to Indianapolis, arriving during the afternoon. At 9 that night the people on the three trains will leave for Cleveland, arriving there in time for breakfast on the opening day of the convention. While in Indianapolis the mayor of the city and the governor of the state will address the delegates. A big attendance is expected from Illinois.

SMALLPOX.

A Convention to be Held in Springfield to Prevent the Spread.

The gradual spread of smallpox, in spite of the preventative measures which have been taken, has provoked a call for a convention of county, municipal and township health officers, to be held at Springfield May 18 and 19. Secretary Scott has been instructed by the state board to call the convention and circular letters have been sent out to that effect. At this convention the main purpose will be to effect an organization for concerted and unanimous efforts to keep down the epidemic, but many other pertinent matters will be discussed, including sanitation, quarantining and desirable legislation. The state board has encountered great difficulty in securing promt and reliable information from infected localities relative to sanitary conditions, isolation, etc., and it is believed that in this conference a system can be devised and put into operation remedying this unfortunate state of affairs. Special rates on railroads and at the hotels have been secured for those who wish to come, and it is expected that several hundred officers can be congregated. Dr. Scott has forwarded copies of the call to the local health boards in the state, to each medical society, and to the country papers for publication.

The Prohibitionists.

The Prohibitionists of the state have just closed their state convention at Bloomington. They have put out a full state ticket and adopted a platform which covers all the questions that are now agitating all classes of people.

The convention declared in favor of prohibition; of equal suffrage; of a tariff sufficient to yield money enough to defray the expenses of government economically administered and for a tariff commission; of the free coinage of gold and silver; of the extension of civil service; of granting pensions to union veterans on the same basis that pensions are granted Mexican war veterans; of the abolition of the canteen system in the army and the saloon system in the soldiers' home; of limiting foreign immigration; of a law restricting the ownership of lands and mines by aliens; of the suppression of trusts; of a compulsory school law; of free text books; of turning the interest earned on public funds into the public treasury; of Sunday observance and cordially invite everybody to vote the ticket. A plank was also inserted favoring the government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines. There is meat in the platform for every class of isms except Republicanism, and Republicans will have to get along by themselves as best they can.

Death of A. S. Hawthorne.

From Saturday's Daily.

Alexander S. Hawthorne, aged 73 years, 1 month and 10 days, died this morning at 10 o'clock of paralysis, at his home, No. 816 West Macon street. The deceased was born at New Castle, Penn., and has been a resident of this state over 30 years.

A Peerless Indeed.

Unequaled! Matchless! This is the record of the Peerless Engine and Threshers. They now stand with the world's premium. Surely they could not wear this crown if they were not the best on earth. Geo. S. Durfee, Agent, Opera House Block, Decatur, Ill. mar29-w4m

Dr. Emily A. Bruce declares that more women in England die because of faulty dress than from all contagious

GUILTY AS CHARGED.

A Verdict Against Coxey, Browne and Jones

COXEY WILLING TO LEAVE THE CAPITAL

As Soon as He Can Get a Hearing Before Either House of Congress—A Menace to the Health of the City.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The cases of Coxey et al did not come up in the police court until 10:[illegible] a. m., when Representative Hale Pence, with his youthful face and clear penetrating voice, addressed the jury as the third and last speaker for the defense.

Among those present were several representatives in congress and members of the bar. Miss Coxey and her friend, together with Mrs. Coxey, were seated at the reporters' table, Miss Coxey taking a shorthand report of Representative Pence's address.

Mr. Pence said that no one who had listened to the evidence given in the case could expect a conviction, and [illegible] in his opinion, [illegible] conviction, except the police officers who had been very active in the matter. Mr. Pence believed that it was lawful for the commonweal [illegible] to assemble in the capitol grounds, but the judge [illegible] the law differently. [illegible] Mr. Pence [illegible] will be a free man by [illegible] will appear before [illegible] committee of congress [illegible] for the recognition of [illegible]. No lobbyist [illegible] will ever [illegible] Mr. Coxey's measure by that [illegible].

District Attorney Birney then made the [illegible] address for the prosecution.

Mr. [illegible] appealed to the jury not to [illegible] by outbursts of oratory, [illegible] from the facts. [illegible] man from Nebraska [illegible] spoke to the jury [illegible] and [illegible] of the prairies. The gentleman from Kansas (Mr. Hudson) was talking for the benefit of the farmers in the cornfields of his native state, and the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. Pence) was looking far away to the [illegible] mountain tops of Colorado and addressing a crowd of open-mouthed miners. Coxey had pleaded that he did not know that he was committing a misdemeanor. Why then did he have a protest prepared which he proposed to hand to the authorities in case he was refused permission to speak on the capitol steps? That proved that this was a willful violation of the law, as Coxey and his lieutenants were aware of all the facts of the law.

This ended the arguments in the case.

In a long charge to the jury Judge Miller instructed them as to their duty to be guided by the evidence, and expressed the opinion that the defendants ought to have been tried separately instead of jointly. He told the jury they were simply trying the defendants under what was known as [illegible] police regulation [illegible] by congress. Congress had the right to pass these regulations and the people had no right to dictate to congress how it should transact its business. All believed in liberty, but unrestricted liberty was the worst thing in the world, and the law was simply restriction and it should be heeded.

Judge Miller referred to the fact that the defendant Carl Browne and Christopher Columbus Jones did not take the stand and cautioned the jury that they must not be influenced by that fact, as the law said no inference prejudicial to the defendants was to be drawn from. The [illegible] were given to the jury at [illegible].

Found Guilty

At 2:30 o'clock the jury sent a request to the court to be allowed to have the written instructions of the court sent in to them in the jury room, but to this Assistant District Attorney Mullowney objected. The jurors then filed out of their room. Judge Miller read the instructions to them again. It took them only a minute afterwards to agree, and at [illegible] o'clock they announced their verdict.

The foreman had some difficulty in expressing it and this led lawyer for [illegible] to object to the finding on [illegible] and that the clerk of the court [illegible] the verdict and [illegible] it. The objection [illegible] overruled.

[illegible] of the jury was that [illegible] and Jones are guilty [illegible] which charges them [illegible] designed to [illegible] into prominence [illegible] grounds. On the second [illegible] unlawfully tramping on the [illegible] grounds Coxey and [illegible] guilty while the [illegible] was dismissed.

M[illegible] of a motion [illegible] will be [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible] and Leave the Capital

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Representative [illegible] of Kansas, who was Coxey's [illegible] in the police court and [illegible] the statement that Coxey proposes leaving Washington with his followers as soon as he secures a hearing from one of the two houses of congress. Mr. Hudson says that Coxey has no affiliation with the other commonweal forces that are now journeying to Washington. He has no correspondence with them and does not know them or their purposes. He will not attempt again to speak from the steps of the capitol nor will he attempt in any way to contravene the laws.

If Coxey's case in the police court is settled so that he will be at leisure today a hearing will be given to him by the house committee on labor. Coxey desires to present his bill to the committee in person and speak upon it. If the opportunity be not given him to-day he will probably be heard by the committee to-morrow.

A Menace to the Health of Washington

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The health officials of the district have submitted a report to the commissioners to the effect that the camp now occupied by Coxey's army is a menace to the health of the inhabitants of Washington and recommending in the strongest terms that immediate steps be taken to have it vacated. Coxey will probably be ordered to move the camp at once.

Developed Smallpox

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—Two deserters from Christopher Columbus Jones' division of the Coxey army, John Washington and Terrance Donnelly, who were admitted to the almshouse in this city shortly after abandoning the army, have developed smallpox and were yesterday sent to the municipal hospital.

THE KELLY FLOTILLA

Probably on Its Winding Way Down the Des Moines River

DES MOINES, Ia., May 8.—It is now the intention of Gen. Kelly to start the flotilla of flatboats bearing his army down the Des Moines river some time to-morrow forenoon. For a time today the general was obdurate about leaving and announced his determination to remain in Des Moines until he was reimbursed for all the money invested in the flatboats. Most of it was given to him today and he is now willing to respect the wishes of the people of this city and depart. Ample provisions have been furnished the army for one day and reports from points along the river indicate that the men will be cared for to-night.

Colonels Baker and Speed had another row today and for a time a split in the army and a hand to hand conflict seemed likely. As at Neola, outsiders interceded and restored peace. The army now numbers about 1,100 men. Seventeen are in the hospital and three of these are expected to die from pneumonia.

THE BRAHILOV DISASTER.

The Authorities Responsible—Anxiety Among the People Whose Friends are Missing

BRAHILOV, May 9.—The disaster at the landing stage on April 3, when a large number of holiday makers were thrown into the water by the giving way of the pier, was due to culpable negligence on the part of the authorities. The gloom cast over the district by the disaster has not disappeared, and it is impossible to learn who were actually on the stage and the steamer at the time of the accident. Owing to this uncertainty the anxiety among the people whose friends are missing has increased tenfold. Only twenty bodies have been recovered thus far and it will be many days before the list is completed. The known victims were nearly all women and children. None of the British colony of Brahilov was drowned.

Wheat Touches the Low at Price in the History of the Trade

CHICAGO, May 9.—The steady depreciation in the [illegible] of wheat resulted in the cereal [illegible] the low st point in the history of the trade yesterday—56 [illegible] for May and 58¼ for July. There was no [illegible] ment accompanying the decline and at the bottom the market showed no operative power, rallying and closing three eighths of a cent above the lowest point. The causes leading up to the weakness and depression have been long drawn out. Foreign markets have been liberally supplied by other countries and have all shown lower values, the crop prospects have been unsurpassed, and notwithstanding derogatory reports are expected to yield bountifully. The sentiment seems to be in favor of a low standard.

The Collapse of the Bimetallic Movement

LONDON, May 9.—The collapse of the bimetallic movement in the house of commons on Friday last, when Mr. Samuel Smith's motion that the government endeavor to secure a stable par of exchange for gold and silver by international agreement, was counted out without discussion, following so closely upon the bimetallic conference, has caused much comment.

The secretary of the Bimetallic league explains the apathy of the house of commons towards the bimetallic movement by saying that it was due to the fact that Mr. Smith's motion had only the second place at the evening sitting and the rules of the house prevented a division, as it was considered that the attendance was so small as to serve no practical purpose, especially as a full discussion would be assured later when a division could occur.

Will Meet the Cut

LONDON, May 9.—It is announced that the International Navigation Co. (American line) will hereafter take steerage passengers from London to New York for fifty shillings and from Liverpool and Queenstown via Southampton for sixty shillings. This reduction is made to meet the cut in passage rates of the continental steamship lines from Hamburg and other ports to fifty shillings.

A Bad Fire

At 1:30 o'clock the broke out in the town of Pawnee, in Sangamon county, entailing a loss of $25,000. The sufferers were Underwood & Bu[illegible], Daniel [illegible], Charles Bates, Dozier Bath [illegible] Turpin, Nancy Molohan, Sam [illegible] the Wiggel jewelry store and [illegible] dry goods store.

Two Lives Saved

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors that she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at King & Hubbard's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. eod

KOSSUTH defined the Anarchists as men trying to cure the toothache with dynamite.

THE AMENDED TARIFF

The Work of the Senate Committee of Revision

LAID UPON THE DESKS OF SENATORS.

The Compromise Measure Upon Which the Democratic Party is to Solidify and After a Brief Debate Pass the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—After more than two weeks patient and hard work the democratic members of the finance committee acting through the committee of "revision" of which Senator Jones has been the head late last evening gave to the public the amendments which had been heralded as the compromise measure upon which the democratic party was to solidify and after a brief debate pass the tariff bill.

The committee was in session all day Sunday and the experts charged with formulating the amendments upon the conclusions reached by the committee were kept at work all through Sunday night.

The final print of the bill reached the committee room shortly after noon when the majority of the members of the committee went into executive session. Meanwhile the senate had gone into executive sesssion and it was supposed the amendments would not be reported until to-day. During the afternoon, however, copies of the amendments were laid on the desk of each senator and in this informal way they were reported and made public. As printed they comprise eighty-one pages of the ordinary bill size and a careful count of the number of amendments shows the aggregate to be a little more than 400. Many of the changes are unimportant and consist of a restoration of the house duties which the senate had decreased. A number of articles have been taken from the free list, chief among these being agricultural products. The sugar schedule is identically as has been heretofore published in these dispatches.

Probably as the result of the criticism that the bill has been drawn on sectional lines, the committee has reduced the duty on rice.

Another exceedingly important amendment is that relative to leaf tobacco in which there is a very material increase in the rates of duty.

The chemical schedule, against which the republicans have leveled some of their arguments, has been reconstructed in many particulars and here as in the other schedules, the change is noted from ad valorem to specific duties to say nothing of the increase in the rates.

The iron and glass schedules have been overhauled, and changes demanded by manufacturers have been made, some of them not so much in the nature of increases as they are in the way of reclassification and the equalization of duties.

The rumors that have been floating about for some days of the mysterious influence at work in regard to the woolen and cotton schedules appear to have had some ground for the changes in these lines have been numerous and in some cases very material.

Coal, iron ore, lead ore and lumber were not touched. The Lead trust was not the gainer by these amendments for there was not an increase in the duty on lead products. Nothing was done with whisky, but if all the rumors in connection with the article be true it is very likely that a vigorous fight will be made to put the tax on whisky back to $1 a gallon when the bill comes back to the house.

The amendments to the bill are as follows:

On and after January 1, 1895, there shall be levied, collected and paid on all sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, and on all tank bottoms, sirups of cane juice or of beet juice, melada, concentrated melada, concrete and concentrated molasses, a duty of 40 per centum ad valorem, and upon all sugars above No. 16 Dutch standard in color there shall be levied, collected and paid a duty of one eighth of 1 cent per pound in addition to the said duty of 40 per centum ad valorem; and all sugars, tank bottoms, sirups of cane juice or beet juice, melada, concentrated melada, concrete or concentrated molasses which are imported from or are the product of any country which at the time the same are exported therefrom pays directly or indirectly a bounty on the export thereof shall pay a duty of 1-10 of 1 cent per pound in addition to the foregoing rates; provided that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of the treaty of commercial reciprocity concluded between the United States and the King of the Hawaiian Islands on the 30th day of January, 1875, or the provisions of any act of congress heretofore passed for the execution of the same. That on and after January 1, 1895, there shall be levied, collected and paid on molasses testing 40 degrees or less by the polariscope and containing more than 20 per cent of moisture and on molasses testing above 40 degrees and not above 56 degrees polariscope a duty of 2 cents per gallon. If testing above 56 degrees polariscope a duty of 4 cents per gallon.

Chemicals, Oils and Paints

Tannic acid or tannin increased from 50 cents a pound to 75 cents.

Magnesia carbonate or medicinal changed from 20 per cent to 4 cents a pound as in the house provision; calcine is also restored to the house provision of 7 cents a pound instead of the 10 per cent, and a new paragraph is [illegible]. Sulphate of or epsom salt one fifth of a cent a pound.

Nitrate of potash or saltpetre refined changed from 10 per cent to [illegible] cents a pound to correspond with house bill.

[illegible] perfumery and all descriptions of toilet and medicinal or medicated soap increased from [illegible] per cent to correspond with house bill.

Strychnine or strychnia and all its salts changed from 30 per cent to thirty cents an ounce; house bill 30 per cent.

Alcoholic perfumery including cologne water and other alcoholic compounds not specially provided for in this act $2 per gallon and 50 per centum ad valorem; the 50 per cent is substituted for 25 per cent, which appears in both bills.

All coal tar colors or dyes by whatever name known and not specially provided for in this act changed from 20 to 25 per cent; house bill 20 per cent.

[illegible] sulphuriate increased from house provision of [illegible] cents per pound to 40 cents. [illegible] of nitrous ether increased from house provision of [illegible] cents per pound to [illegible] cents per pound; fruit ethers, oils or essences increased from house provision of $1 per pound to $2 per pound.

In the paragraph relating to gelatine, prepared fish sounds, etc., the word "prepared" is stricken out.

In paragraph 36 relating to opium the words "Opium crude and unmanufactured and not adulterated containing 9 per centum and over of morphia $1 per pound" are stricken out and the new paragraph reads: "Opium containing less than 9 per centum of morphia and opium prepared for smoking, $6 per pound, but opium prepared for smoking and other preparations of opium deposited in bonded warehouses shall not be removed therefrom without payment of duties and such duties shall not be refunded."

Morphia or morphine and all salts thereof, have been reduced from 75 cents (house bill) to 50 cents per ounce.

Prussiate of potash, red or yellow, increased from 20 per cent (house bill) to 25 per cent.

The paragraph relating to medicinal preparations and proprietary preparations taxed 50 cents per pound has added to it the words "medicinal coal tar preparations."

Earths, Earthenware and Glassware.

All china porcelaine, bisque stone and crockeryware articles composed of a [illegible] of mineral substances including lava tips for burners not specially provided for in this act —rates left as in house bill.

Spectacles, eyeglasses, goggles, opera glasses and other optical instruments and frames increased from 35 to 40 per cent; house bill 35 per cent.

Marbles of all kinds in block rough or squared onyx increased from 35 to 40 cents per cubic foot; house bill 40 cents.

Marble sawed, dressed or otherwise including marble slabs, mosaic cubes and marble paving tiles increased from 75 cents per cubic foot to 85 cents; house bill 75 cents.

Manufactured marble onyx or alabaster not specially provided for in this act increased from 30 to 45 per cent; house bill 30 per cent.

The word "magnesic" is stricken from the paragraph making firebrick $1 a ton.

Lime changed from 15 cents to 5 cents per 100 pounds including the weight of package.

Paragraph 82 reading as follows: "Clays or earths wrought or manufactured not specially provided for in this act $1 per ton; china clay or kaolin $2 per ton," has been changed and the following substituted: "Clays or earths unwrought or unmanufactured not specially provided for in this act $1 per ton; wrought or manufactured not specially provided for in this act $2 per ton; china clay or kaolin $2 per ton."

Paragraph 88 which reads: "plain green and colored molded or pressed and flint and lime glassware including bottles, vials, demi johns and carboys (covered or uncovered) whether filled or unfilled and whether their contents be dutiable or free not specially provided for in this act 40 per centum ad valorem," has been stricken out and the following substituted: "Green and colored molded or pressed and flint and lime glass bottles holding more than one pint and demijohns and carboys covered or uncovered and other molded or pressed green and colored and flint or lime bottle glassware not specially provided for in this act five-eighths of 1 cent per pound. Green and colored molded or pressed and flint and lime glass bottles and vials holding not more than one pint and not less than one quarter of a pint three fourths of 1 cent per pound. If holding less than one fourth of a pint 3 cents per gross, whether filled or unfilled and whether their contents be dutiable or free."

The following paragraph: "Unpolished cylinder crown and common window glass not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square 1 cent per pound; above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square 1¼ cents per pound; above that and not exceeding 24 by 36 inches square 1⅜ cents per pound; all above that 1¾ cents per pound," has also been stricken from the bill and the following substituted:

"Unpolished cylinder crown and common window glass not exceeding 10 by 15 inches square 1 cent per pound; above that and not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square 1¼ cents per pound; above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches 1⅜ cents per pound; above that and not exceeding 24 by 36 inches square 1⅝ cents per pound; all above that 1⅞ cents per pound; provided that unpolished cylinder crown and common window glass imported in boxes shall contain fifty square feet as nearly as sizes will permit and the duty shall be computed thereon according to the actual weight of the glass."

The duty on cast polished plate glass silvered and looking glass plates above 24 by 30 inches square and not exceeding 24 by 60 inches square has been increased from 20 cents to 31 cents per square foot; all above that from 35 cents to 38 cents per square foot.

Looking glass plates are made subject to the extra 10 per cent when they are ground, frosted, etc., as provided in paragraph ninety seven.

Metals and Manufactures of Iron and Steel

Paragraph 110 which [illegible] iron in pigs, iron kentledge, spiegeleisen, ferro silicon 22½ per cent ad valorem; wrought and cast scrap iron and scrap steel 10 per cent ad valorem; but nothing shall be deemed scrap iron or scrap steel except waste or refuse iron or steel fit only to be remanufactured; ferro manganese 10 per cent ad valorem," is amended to read as follows: "Iron in pigs, iron kentledge, spiegeleisen, ferro manganese, ferro silicon, wrought and cast scrap iron or scrap steel $1 a ton, but nothing shall be deemed scrap iron or scrap steel except waste or refuse iron or steel fit only to be remanufactured."

Paragraph 111 which now reads as follows: "Boiler or other plate iron or steel, except plates hereinafter provided for, not thinner than No. 10 wire gauge sheared or unsheared and skelp iron or steel sheared or rolled in grooves 30 per cent ad valorem," is amended to read as follows: "Boiler or other plate iron or steel, except saw plates hereinafter provided for, not thinner than No. 10 wire gauge, sheared or unsheared, and skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, valued at 1 cent a pound or less five tenths of 1 cent a pound; valued above 1 cent and not above [illegible] cents [illegible] six tenths of 1 cent per pound; valued above 1⅖ cents and not above [illegible] cents [illegible] 30 per cent ad valorem, valued over [illegible] per pound [illegible] per cent ad valorem; provided that all plate iron or steel thinner than No. 10 wire gauge shall pay duty as iron or steel sheets."

[illegible] of iron or steel or of [illegible] combined of [illegible] not specially provided for [illegible] 30 per cent ad valorem [illegible] per pound provided [illegible] per cent ad valorem [illegible] shall pay [illegible] per cent.

[illegible]

Among numerous other changes in the metal schedule [illegible] steel [illegible] from [illegible] cent to 1¼ cents per pound; house bill [illegible] per cent.

Blacksmiths' hammers and sledges, track tools, wedges and crowbars [illegible] of iron or steel changed from [illegible] per pound; house bill [illegible] per cent.

Horse [illegible] and [illegible] nails [illegible] of [illegible] steel [illegible] cent to 1¼ cents a pound; house bill [illegible] per cent.

Bolts with or without threads or nuts or bolt blanks and finished hinges [illegible] whether iron or steel [illegible] 2 per cent to 1¼ cents per pound; house bill [illegible] per cent.

Cast iron pipe of every description changed from [illegible] per cent to six tenths of 1 cent per pound; house bill 25 per cent.

Cast iron vessels, plates, stove plates, andirons, sad irons, tailors' irons, hatters' irons and castings of iron not finished parts of machinery and not specially provided for in this act changed from 25 per cent to [illegible] eighths of 1 cent per pound; house bill [illegible].

Castings of malleable iron not specially provided for in this act changed from [illegible] to [illegible] cent per pound; house bill 25 per cent.

Cast hollow ware coated, glazed or tinned changed from 30 per cent to [illegible] per pound; house bill 30 per cent.

Aluminum in crude form, alloys of any kind in which aluminum is the component material of chief value [illegible] cents per pound (house bill [illegible] per cent ad valorem).

Bronze powder, metallics or [illegible] or Dutch metal or aluminum in leaf [illegible] per centum ad valorem (house bill 30 per cent) [illegible] or nickel alloy of any kind in which [illegible] is the component material of chief value [illegible] cents per pound. (New.)

Pens, metallic, except gold pens, changed from [illegible] per centum ad valorem to [illegible] cents per gross; house bill [illegible] per cent ad valorem.

Pins, metallic, including pins with solid or glass heads, hair pins, safety pins, hat, bonnet, shawl and belt pins not commercially known as jewelry 25 per centum ad valorem; house bill 30 per cent.

Changes have been made in the paragraphs relating to fire cord clothing, pocket and table cutlery, files, crosscuts, saws, etc., and in the same schedule a new paragraph has been adopted as follows:

"Umbrella and parasol ribs and stretcher frames, tips, runners, handles or other parts thereof made in whole or chief part of iron or any other metal 50 per centum ad valorem."

Among changes in the tobacco schedule snuff and snuff flour, all descriptions 50 cents per pound, house bill [illegible] cents per pound.

Cigars, cigarettes, cheroots of all kinds $4 per pound and 25 per cent, and paper cigars and cigarettes including wrappers shall be subject to the same duties as are herein imposed upon cigars; house bill $3 per pound and 25 per cent.

Agricultural Products and Provisions.

Butter and substitutes therefor, 4 cents per pound; house bill restored.

Cheese 4 cents per pound; house bill, 25 per cent.

A new paragraph makes milk, fresh, 3 cents per gallon.

A new paragraph adds [illegible] cabbages 2 cents each; cider 3 cents per gallon; eggs 3 cents per dozen and yolks of eggs 15 per cent.

Hay $2 per ton; house bill restored.

Honey 10 cents per gallon; house bill restored.

Hops 8 cents per pound; house bill restored.

Onions 20 cents per bushel; house bill restored.

Peas 20 cents per bushel; split peas 50 cents per bushel of sixty pounds; peas in cartons, papers or other small packages 1 cent per pound; house bill restored.

A new paragraph is inserted: "Plants, trees, shrubs and vines of all kinds commonly known as nursery stock not specially provided for 10 per cent ad valorem."

Potatoes changed from 30 per cent to 15 cents per bushel of 60 pounds; house bill 10 cents per bushel.

A new paragraph is inserted putting a duty of 25 per cent on fresh beef, mutton and pork, which reads as follows: "Meats of all kinds prepared or preserved not specially provided for in this act 25 per cent ad valorem."

A new paragraph places a duty of 1 cent a pound on lard.

A Smuggler Captured

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The treasury department is informed of the arrest at Detroit, Mich., of James McGregor for smuggling opium into the United States. His horse and buggy and fifty pounds of opium were captured.

Three Persons Wounded by a Bomb

ROME, May 9.—A bomb exploded at 9 o'clock yesterday evening in front of Prince Odelscalchi's palace. Three persons were wounded. At 10 o'clock no arrests had been made.

Got Them Guessing

LONDON, May 9.—A cabinet conference was summoned at noon yesterday to consider the situation in regard to the budget.

Show Up Gentlemen

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Comptroller Eckels has called for a report of the condition of national banks May 4 last.

THE State department has warned that Nicaragua intends to seize the Mosquito Territory. If she does she may expect a stinging rebuke.

A [illegible] trust is in process of formation. Its purpose is to raise the old scratch.

Township Treasurer's Annual Statement

DISTRICT [illegible]

18[illegible] AND 1891			
April [illegible] on hand [illegible]		$ [illegible] 10	
Mar [illegible]		[illegible]	
[illegible] Montgomery [illegible]		[illegible]	
[illegible]		[illegible]	
April [illegible] incidentals			$ [illegible]
[illegible]			[illegible]
[illegible] Correction [illegible]			[illegible]
Sept [illegible] repairs			[illegible]
[illegible] incidentals			[illegible]
[illegible] repairs			[illegible]
Mar 17 [illegible]			[illegible]
Mar [illegible] repairs			[illegible]
		$ [illegible]	$ [illegible]
April [illegible]		$ [illegible] 06	

[illegible]

1893 AUGUST 31			
April 3 Balance on hand last report		$ 223 [illegible]	
May [illegible] Fennor		14 00	
Jun 13 Montgomery back tax		[illegible]	
Mar 13 Moody tax		174 [illegible]	
Mar [illegible] Durning tax		130 7[illegible]	
June 6 Maggie [illegible] teaching			$ [illegible]
May [illegible] Bankson incidentals			[illegible] 50
April 5 Correction trustees			[illegible] 03
Aug 24 Taylor repairs			14 [illegible]
Nov 21 Moody repairs			[illegible]
Aug 24 [illegible] repairs			[illegible]
Sept 2 Morris incidentals			[illegible]
Sept 9 Hill apparatus			[illegible] 00
Sept 13 Roney repairs			4 00
Nov 21 J. W. H. & Co. repairs and incidentals			15 20
Dec 12 Minnie Florey teaching			135 00
June 23 Webb repairs			6 75
May 29 Jones repairs			1 50
		$ 598 79	$414 20
		414 20	
April 2 Balance of receipts		$ 184 58	

I do hereby certify the foregoing report to be correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. S. H[illegible], Township Treasurer.

Sales of Real Estate.

Hale Johnson to W. F. Floyd, lot 2 in Fearn & Bruce's addition to Decatur—$950.

John T. Redmaker to G. Schwalba, lot 20 and the east half of lot 19 in block 4, Powers' 1st addition to Decatur—$1000.

Erwin Thomas to August Grunkowski, lot 18 in block 1, H. W. Hill's subdivision of lot 9 in the west half of the southwest quarter of 12, 16, 2 east—$300.

Jack and Allison to P. M. Wykoff, deed to lot 13, block 3, Oakland Place—$350.

L. A. Buckingham et al to C. M. Allison, deed to lot 6, block 1, H. H. Wise's subdivision—$100.

S. S. Jack et al to C. E. Schroll, deed to lot 15 and 16 feet off east side lot 16, Whitmer place—$1200.

Jack & Allison to L. A. Buckingham and C. Schroll, deed to lot 17 and 44 feet off the west side lot 16, Whitmer Place—$3500.

THE United States Senate shows a distressing fondness for hard words and soft snaps.

Letter List

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur Ill. postoffice May [illegible], 1894. Please say advertised when called for.

GENTS' LIST

Burge Jason	Davis L. C.
Carlson Richardson	Graff Charles
Johnson George	Mathias Charlie
Miller C. H.	Murray James
Pirquette Wm	Redfern Wm
Songer W. H.	Smith Fo
Whitaker J. C.	

LADIES' LIST

Brown Mrs. [illegible]	Carcoran Mrs. Ella
Case Mrs.	Garvin Miss Fannie
Jones Mrs. Nellie	Murphy Mrs. [illegible]
Letts Miss Kate (2)	William Miss Stella

FOREIGN

Francisco Falgi Dell Orta

J. T. HUBBARD, Postmaster.

THERE are said to be 25,000 species of fish, of which about one [illegible] fresh water, and it is the [illegible] always gets away.

Be not a witness against thy neighbor in a contention over a line fence, [illegible] he'll do him up as he [illegible] me.

Seest thou a man diligent in business? Behold he is a [illegible] advertiser.

RUGS,
RUGS!

For This Week Only.

Great Sale of High Grade

These Brands Represent the Best Quality of Rugs Shown In Any Market

WILTON,
BURNDHAR,
LA PARIS and
DAGHESTAN

RUGS,

and are here to be closed out at 20 per cent. less than Wholesale Prices.

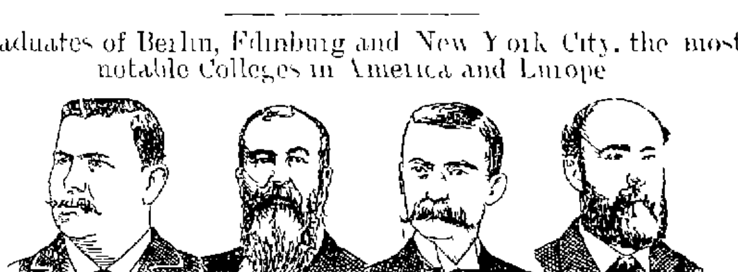
Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur, Ill.

Agents Standard Patterns and Jouvin Kid Gloves.

The Great German & English Doctors.

EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT, CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND CATARRHAL DISEASES.

Graduates of Berlin, Edinburg and New York City, the most notable Colleges in America and Europe.



Consultation, Examination and Opinion Given FREE in Every Case.

Will Visit Decatur, Tuesday, May 22, 1894, One Day,

RETURNING MONTHLY THEREAFTER

Parlors the St. Nicholas Hotel.

THEIR NEW SYSTEM

So many thousands are already acquainted with this new mode of treatment that it is only necessary to say by this method an equilibrium of the vital powers is at once established and an equalization of the circulation maintained. Thus nature is enabled to throw off the [illegible] matter. Medicine will act like a charm and health at once ensue if the case be a curable one.

Their experience in the Great Medical Schools and Hospitals of Europe and this country together with their extensive special practice enables them to treat the diseases they make their specialty understandingly and with phenomenal success. They do not claim to cure everything like some physicians. Bear this in mind. Call and see for yourself. They do not practice deception. They use nothing but the latest and most improved treatment in foreign hospitals and all medicines new.

The Greatest of All Gifts. The Power of Diagnosing Diseases.

They know they are the greatest diagnosticians in the world. They have a national reputation for diagnosing the most complicated diseases.

By their keen perception and intuition they are enabled to find out [illegible] complicated diseases and reveal to the sick the true fountain and [illegible] of their suffering where other physicians have failed and were groping in darkness.

By their correct understanding of each and every case they are enabled to cure hundreds of diseases given up by the general practitioner.

CATARRH.—This disease, which is generally considered incurable by the general practitioner and receives only temporary benefit from his remedies, is speedily and permanently cured by their famous Germicidal treatment. They rarely find a case they cannot cure.

Over 10,000 Cured of Nervous, Chronic, Throat and Catarrhal Diseases in Ten Years.—They treat Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat troubles, Ringing in Ears, Catarrhal deafness, Stomach, Liver, Kidney, Bladder and Female diseases, Eruptions, Skin troubles, Epilepsy, Seminal Weakness, Night Losses, Nervous Exhaustion, General and Local Debility, etc. They restore Impaired Vital Energy, Invigorate the Debilitated Constitution, Stimulate the Organic Action, Promote the Circulation and Renew that Vital Energy, the loss of which is the symptom of decay.

What Is It? and How Do They Do It? are Questions Asked by Hundreds of People.—They can refer you to hundreds of persons whom they have treated and cured. If you have been humbugged or badly treated do not wait for a more convenient season, but come at once and put their wonderful powers to the test. You will never regret it. Remember the date.

Consultation Private and FREE to All.

They will treat you honestly, and positively will not throw out any false hopes or take your case if they can not cure you. If your case is incurable they will frankly and honorably tell you so; also caution you against spending money for medicines which impostors usually suggest. Charges shall be reasonable and within the reach of all.